



Stranded and vulnerable Ethiopian migrants in Al Hudaydah waiting to board a boat that will transport them to Obock, Djibouti. (Photo: IOM Yemen)

Highlights

- IOM urges all parties to respect the integrity of civilian and humanitarian facilities in accordance with International Humanitarian Law, after airstrikes and mortars damaged its office in Haradh and Migrant Response Center in Basateen on 1 July.
- On 1 July, IOM facilitated the evacuation of 105 individuals from Sana'a to Khartoum by air. To date, IOM has assisted by air and sea 2,370 Third Country Nationals and vulnerable migrants to leave Yemen.
- A system-wide Level 3 emergency has been declared in Yemen on 1 July, for a period of six months.
- The capacity of IOM's Migrant Response Center in Obock (Djibouti) was reinforced, doubling accommodation capacity to 350 individuals. There are currently 194 Ethiopian migrants accommodated at the center.

Situation Overview

On 1 July, the IASC Principals agreed to the activation of a system-wide Level 3 (L3) emergency considering the scale, complexity and urgency of the situation in Yemen, which continues to deteriorate at an alarming rate. IOM activated an internal L3 emergency in relation to its response to the Yemen crisis, in view of the regional dimension of the crisis and the complexity of carrying out evacuation operations from within a war zone on 8 May.

Over 21 million people or 80% of the population require some form of humanitarian assistance, while humanitarian capacity and access to respond to those needs remains fairly limited due to active fighting, and persistent lack of fuel.

The number of international humanitarian workers on the ground has increased, and IOM has been able to fill the eight international staff slots that it was allocated in country. However more slots are required, including outside Sana'a.

On 1 July, a series of mortar and gun fire from the ground hit and seriously damaged IOM's Migrant Response Centre (MRC) in Basateen (Aden governorate). Later that day, IOM's office in Haradh was damaged during air strikes. Although neither incident injured migrants or staff, IOM condemns these attacks and urges all parties to respect the integrity of civilian and humanitarian facilities in accordance with International Humanitarian Law.

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IOM RESPONSE

HUMANITARIAN ACTIVITIES IN YEMEN

NFI, Shelter and WASH

Aden

Between 25 June and 1 July, IOM reached a total of 130 IDP households (910 individuals) through shelter and NFI support in Al-Mansoorah district. Additionally, during the reporting period, IOM supported Alwehda Hospital in Ash Shaikh Outhman with water trucking and provided a water pump in a school Al-Buraiqah district hosting IDPs, assisting a total of 25 households (175 individuals).

Furthermore, IOM completed assessments of schools in Al-Mansoorah, Ash Shaikh Outhman and Dar Saad that aimed to identify main WASH needs in these IDP hosting facilities. Concurrently, IOM's hygiene teams conducted awareness-raising sessions in both Al-Mansoorah and Al Sha'ab districts, targeting a total of 1,543 individuals (578 women, 328 men, 277 girls, and 360 boys).

IOM procured and installed Membrane Cartridge filters for a Reverse Osmosis Water Station, which aims at providing clean hygienic water for operation and laboratory rooms, and sterilizing and disinfecting medical instruments and equipment, in '22 May' Hospital replacing the old, damaged ones.

Abyan

IOM continues to provide water through water trucking services to 30 schools hosting nearly 1,000 IDPs in the three districts of Khanfir, Zingubar and Lawder, as well as daily water trucking to Lawder Hospital.

Al-Dhale'e

During the reporting period, IOM resumed its WASH support in Al-Dhale'e by providing around 96,000 liters of water per day to two hospitals, two mosques, and other tanks in community sites in both Al Dhale'e city and Al-Dhabyat area reaching an estimated 6,400 individuals.

Al Mukalla

IOM started conducting assessments in a number of schools hosting IDPs in Al Mukalla in order to identify most urgent WASH needs in these facilities.



IOM provided water to hospitals, mosques and community tanks in Al Dhale'e governorate. (Photo: IOM Yemen)

Health

During June 2015, IOM continued providing health care to IDPs in both the southern governorates (Aden, Abyan, and

Shabwah) and the northern governorates (Sana'a and Hajjah). Additionally, IOM health staff continued working in the '22 May' Hospital receiving casualties in Aden, and continued covering a huge gap in reproductive health care in Al-Razie Hospital in Abyan by providing this service through its midwives. Medical screening of people evacuating from Yemen has also continued, as well as the treatment of medical cases among those being evacuated.

Aden

Three mobile clinics continued working in the three highly concentrated IDPs areas. Al-Mansoorah district, Ash Shaikh Outhman district and Inma City. The total number of medical cases treated in June was 4,922 including 1,745 women, 1,287 men, 1,044 girls, and 846 boys. A total of 188 children less than five years have been treated for malnutrition 91 cases suffering from Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) and 97 cases suffering from Moderate Acute Malnutrition (MAM)

IOM staff continue to support in '22 May' Hospital to cover the gap in medical staffing in Aden health facilities. IOM health staff have been working in the emergency room, operations room and Intensive Care Unit (ICU). 701 medical cases including 220 casualties and 481 other medical cases were treated in June.

Abyan

IOM health team assisted 561 cases during the month of June including 30 casualties, 25 deliveries and 506 other medical cases. Additionally, 20 casualties were assisted in Alkaber Hospital that is supported by IOM.

Shabwah

In June, 1,414 medical cases were provided with health care through IOM's mobile clinic including 424 women, 296 men, 390 girls, and 304 boys.

Sana'a

Two mobile clinics providing both primary health care, and mental health and psychosocial support (MHPSS) continued to operate in the schools hosting IDPs in Amanat Al-Asemah and Bani Alhareth. In June, 1,222 medical cases were treated through these mobile clinics including 406 women, 258 men, 308 girls, and 250 boys. Additionally, reproductive health care was provided to 64 women during the same period. Mental health and psychosocial support was provided to IDPs through the mobile clinics. MHPSS services included individual sessions (provided to 82 cases), group counselling (provided to 48 cases), psycho-education (provided to 186 IDPs), and group discussions (15 cases). Moreover, recreational activities, targeting mainly children, were conducted in most of the schools hosting IDPs.

Assistance to Migrants in Yemen

In Aden, the conflict continues, forcing IOM's MRC to keep its doors closed because of active fighting. There has been no electricity in the Basateen neighborhood for the last eight weeks, making it increasingly difficult for IOM's foster family house to accommodate vulnerable migrants. Additionally, it was also not safe enough for IOM to distribute food at the local Mosque in Basateen.

Despite three months of intense conflict, there are reports of new migrant and refugees arrivals in Yemen along Yemen's west coast, IOM's partners reported that in June more than 300 migrants and refugees crossed the Red Sea using smugglers' boats, while other partners in the south reported that 100 Somali refugees and Ethiopian migrants took a smugglers' boat on 27 June to Yemen's southern coast.

TCN EVACUATION OUT OF YEMEN

On 1 July, IOM was able to organize one flight to Khartoum, evacuating a total of 105 individuals.

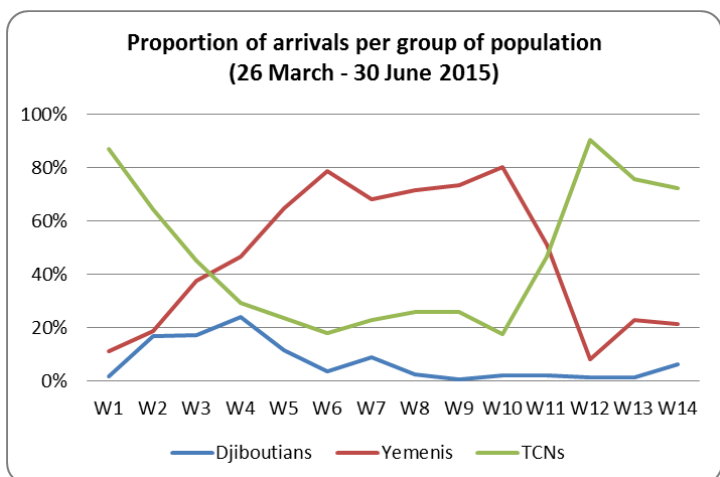
IOM has evacuated a total of 2,370 TCNs and migrants by air and sea. IOM has assisted 1,695 TCNs from 46 countries to leave Yemen through 13 flight rotations organized since 12 April. In addition IOM evacuated 675 Ethiopians migrants stranded in Al Hudaydah by boat to Obock, Djibouti.

DISPLACEMENT FROM YEMEN TO THE HORN OF AFRICA

As of 1 July, 38,776 people have arrived in Djibouti and Somalia from Yemen.

Arrivals in Djibouti

To date, 20,295 persons have arrived in Djibouti from Yemen: 1,777 are Djiboutians, 9,256 are Yemenis, and 9,262 TCNs.



There are currently 194 Ethiopian migrants accommodated at the MRC in Obock waiting to be documented by Ethiopian Consular Services on 4 July before being provided with Onward Transportation Assistance (OTA) to Ethiopia. Among them are 175 persons who were evacuated from Al Hudaydah to Obock and who arrived at the MRC on 21 June. Medicals

cases among the migrants are being assisted at the hospital of Obock. The remaining 19 individuals are transiting migrants who crossed Djibouti by foot in the hope of a better life in the Gulf countries. The number of stranded migrants in Obock increases as well as the request of assistance from IOM for their return to Ethiopia.

Moreover, the capacity of the MRC in Obock was reinforced, doubling accommodation capacity to 350 individuals.



Migrants with medical conditions such as broken arms or legs are treated at the hospital of Obock. (Photo: IOM Djibouti)

Arrivals in Somalia

As of 1 July, 18,481 individuals have arrived in Somalia, of which over 90% of are Somalis, 9% are Yemenis, and 1% are TCNs.

The latest boat that arrived in Somalia was on 25 June to Bosaso carrying 209 passengers, and there have been no new arrivals since then. However, there is a large cargo boat, organized by Somali business community members, expected to arrive in Bosaso on 2 July from Al Mukalla.

Among the 25 June arrivals to Bosaso, 162 individuals received OTA, most of whom indicated South Central, namely Mogadishu, as their final destination, bringing the total number of individuals assisted with OTA to 3,741.

During the reporting period, IOM and other Task Force members met on a proposed harmonized assistance package for the returnees, which will streamline the various support currently being provided and enable the returnees to receive unified assistance. IOM in coordination with UNHCR will begin providing OTA to Puntland and Somaliland, as well as South Central Somalia.

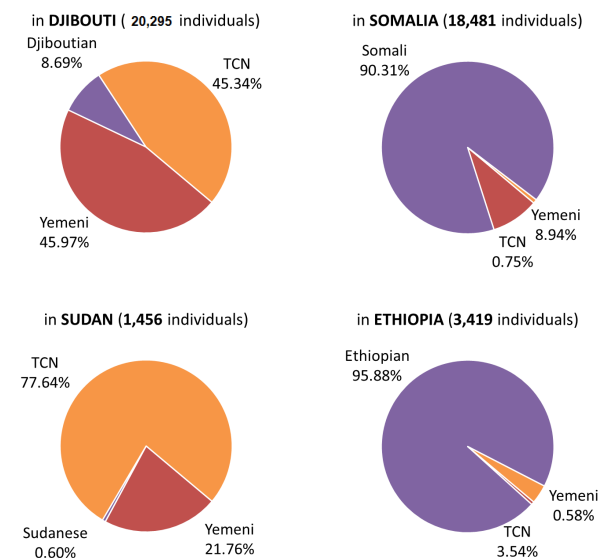
IOM operations are supported by :

The Migration Emergency Funding Mechanism, IOM's internal emergency fund, has been used to support the most urgent needs in the onset of the Yemen Crisis.

YEMEN CRISIS RESPONSE

Evacuations and Onwards Movement

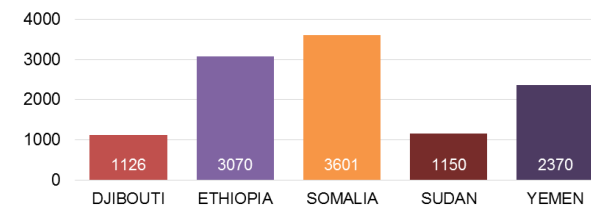
ARRIVALS



IOM ASSISTED MOVEMENT

- 13 Flights (Air Evacuation)**
 - 01 Flights Yemen - Ethiopia
 - 11 Flights Yemen - Sudan
 - 01 Flights Yemen - Somalia
- 1,695** †
 - 144 Individuals
 - 1,456 Individuals
 - 95 Individuals
- 5 Boats (Sea Evacuation)**
 - 05 Boats Yemen - Djibouti
- 675** †
 - 675 Individuals
- 149 Flights (Air Onward Transport)**
 - 45 Destinations in 34 Countries
- 174 Trips (Land Onward Transport)**
 - 36 Destinations in Somalia, Ethiopia, and Djibouti

IOM Assisted Movement by Country of Departure (Evacuation and Onward Transportation)

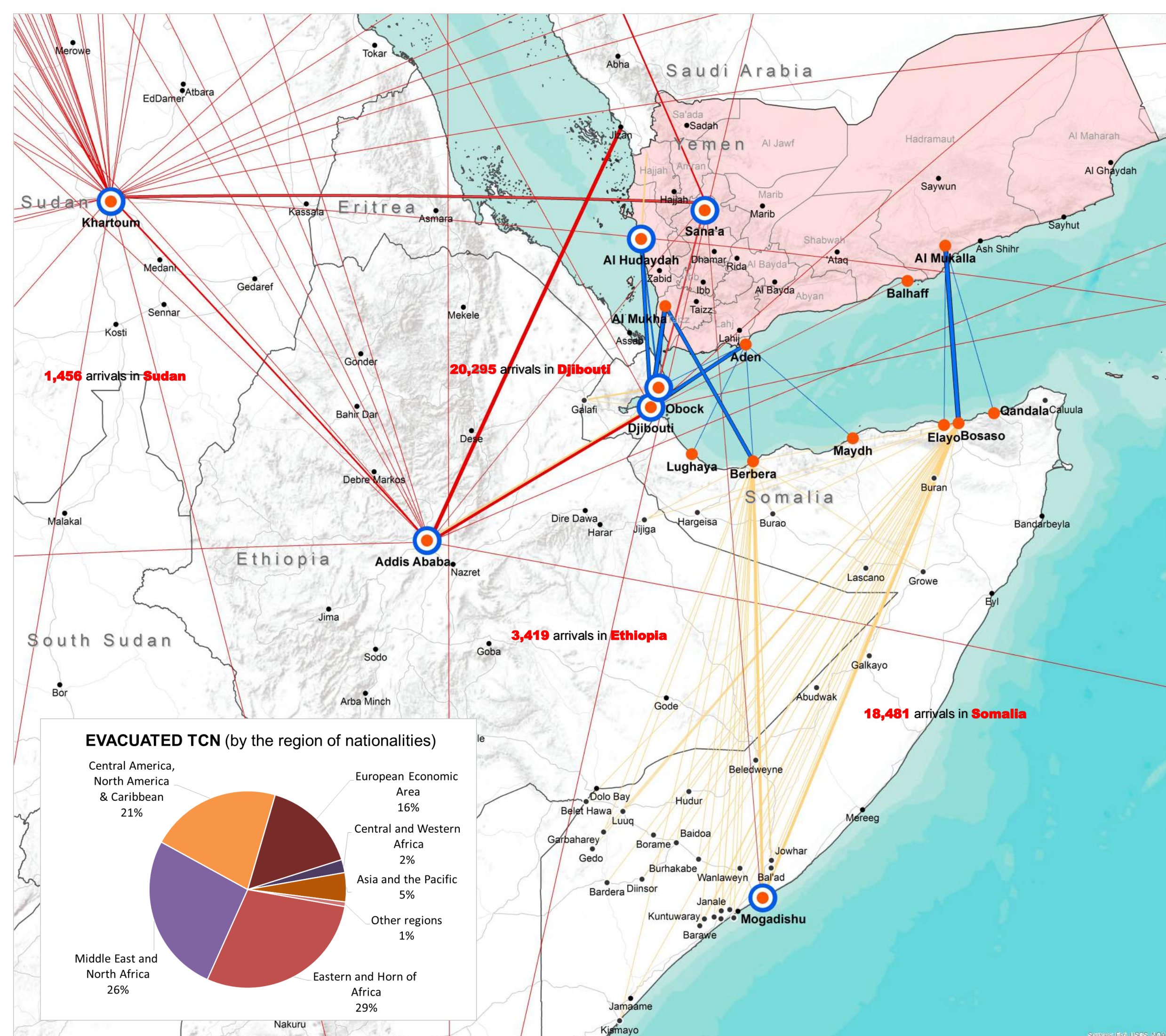


- IOM Humanitarian Evacuation Operations
- Evacuation Locations
- Air Evacuation and Onward Transportation Route
- Sea Evacuation and Onward Transportation Route
- Land Onward Transportation Route

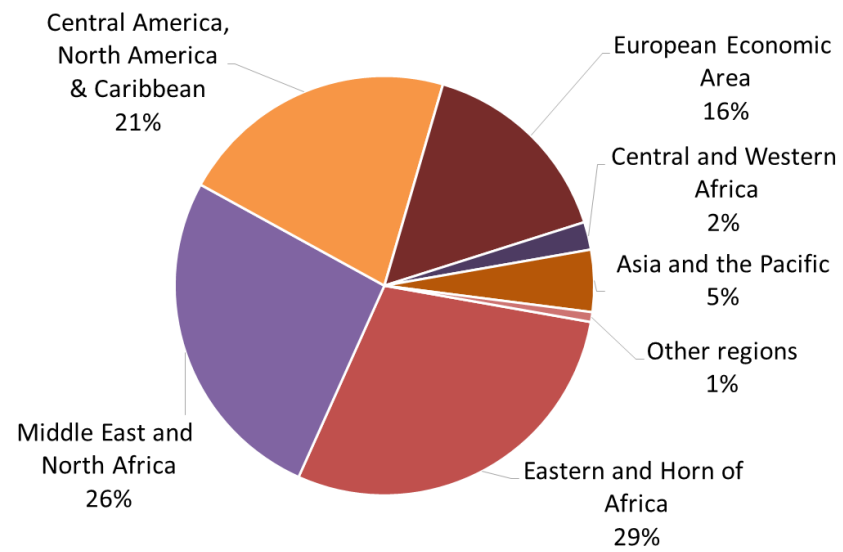
This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

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As of 1 July 2015
sources: IOM • feedback: prd@iom.int



EVACUATED TCN (by the region of nationalities)



Source: IOM, USGS, NOAA