This weekly report is produced by the United Nations (UN) Migration Agency (IOM) as part of the UN Country Management Team (UNCMT) response to the influx of Burundian and Congolese Asylum Seekers from Burundi. The report covers the period from Aug 14 to Aug 20, 2017. The next report will be issued on August 28, 2017.

**Highlights**

- 534 new arrivals (240 males and 294 females) composed of 115 Burundian and 419 Congolese Asylum Seekers. Busiest entry points during this week were Kigadye (281 persons), Bukiriro (109 persons), and Bugarama (89 persons).
- 360 Congolese Asylum Seekers (218 males, 142 females) were relocated from Manyovu to Nyarugusu camp. 75 Burundian Asylum Seekers (47 males, 28 females) were relocated from Lumasi transit center to Nduta camp during this period.
- IOM’s fit-to-travel medical screening revealed that, the top five medical conditions among the transported persons during this week were: malaria, skin infections, tonsillitis, mental disorders, and acute watery diarrhoea.

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Transportation

Cumulative Transport Number*

Figure 1. From Aug 14, 2017 to Aug 20, 2017

- Buhiwe: 969
- Kasulu: 360
- Ngara: 190

Figure 2. Starting From Aug 1st to Aug 20th

- Ngara: 60,310
- Kasulu: 47,290
- Kibondo: 30,727

* The cumulative statistics include newly arriving Asylum Seekers as well as those relocated from transit centers to the camps and or reunified with their family members.

Background on IOM Response

Since May 2015, IOM has been providing safe and dignified transportation to persons fleeing the crisis in Burundi and entering Tanzania through various entry points along the border between the two countries mainly in Kasulu, Kibondo, and Ngara districts. IOM teams made of operation and medical staff accompanied each pick up exercise. The objectives are to ensure that transported Asylum Seekers are fit to travel and those with urgent and or special medical needs are referred to health facilities run by health partners such as Médecins sans Frontières (MSF) and Tanzania Red Cross (TRC) for timely and appropriate medical care. Currently Burundian new arrivals are transported to Nduta camp while Congolese are brought to Nyarugusu camp.

Health

During the reported period, the fit-to-travel medical screenings carried out by the IOM medical team revealed that 65 cases (17 males, 48 females) required medical care. 38 cases required immediate referral to health facilities in the camps. In Nyarugusu camp, IOM Medical team referred 13 cases to TRC hospital and they were: 3 cases of acute watery diarrhoea, 1 case of hypertension, 3 cases of mental illness, 1 case of asthma, 1 case of inguinal hernia, 1 case of malaria, 1 case of tonsillitis, 1 case of otitis media, 1 case of GBV. In Manyovu transit center, IOM Medical team referred 17 cases to IRC clinic and they were: 1 case of self-declared neuropathy, 1 case of self-declared nephritis, 2 cases of otitis media, 1 case of fever, 1 case of inguinal hernia, 1 case of self-declared Parkinson disease, 1 case of epilepsy, 2 cases of mental illness, 1 case of congenital left upper limb defect, 1 case of blindness, 1 case of septic wound, 1 case of dysentery, 1 case of hypertension, 2 cases of paralysis of lower left limbs. In Nduta camp, IOM Medical team referred 1 case of self-declared HIV case to MSF clinic. In Lumasi transit center, IOM Medical team referred 7 cases to TRC clinic and they were: 5 cases of malaria, 1 case of scabies, and 1 case of tinea versicolor.
Additionally, there were 17 pregnant women at different gestational age who require ante-natal, intra-natal and post-natal care among the new arrivals.

Figure 5. Top 5 medical conditions among the new arrivals

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Male</th>
<th>Female</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute Watery Diarrhoea</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Malaria</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tonsilitis</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin Infections</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mental Disorders</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Photos:

Photo 1: Congolese Asylum Seekers awaiting to board Buses for Nyarugusu Camp (IOM)

Photo 2: IOM Nurse doing Fitness to Travel Check for Asylum Seekers (IOM)