



IOM International Organization for Migration
OIM Organisation internationale pour les migrations
OIM Organización Internacional para las Migraciones

CALL FOR GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE PREVENTION & RESPONSE IMPLEMENTING PARTNERS

I. APPLICATION DETAILS

PROGRAM TITLE: Supporting survivors, addressing risks and root causes of GBV in South Sudan integrated with MHPSS, Protection and peacebuilding programming

CONTRIBUTING TO PROJECTS:

1. Mental Health And Psychosocial Support And Protection– Related Services Offered To Displaced Populations In Wau, South Sudan
2. Provision of Emergency MHPSS, GBV, Counter Trafficking and DTM in South Sudan
3. Multi-Sectoral and Integrated Humanitarian and Recovery Support for South Sudan

CLASSIFICATION: Implementing partner

ANTICIPATED START DATE: 1st July 2020

APPLICATION CLOSING DATE: 17th June 2020

II. BACKGROUND & RATIONALE

According to the 2020 Humanitarian Response Plan (HRP), 7.5 million South Sudanese remain in need of humanitarian assistance and nearly 4 million remain displaced from their homes, of which 2.2 million are refugees in neighbouring countries while 1.5 million are internally displaced. Despite progress with the Revitalised Agreement on the Resolution of the Conflict in South Sudan (R-ARCSS); the country is still facing devastating human and financial costs of the complex protracted crisis, food insecurity and the COVID-19 pandemic.

Recent studies indicate a high prevalence of GBV; 65% of women and girls experience some form of sexual or physical violence in conflict-affected areas of South Sudan (IRC, 2017); with a further study finding that 75% women had experienced intimate partner violence within the last one year (IOM, 2017). The needs for GBV services are high, yet availability of multi-sectoral GBV services across the country is low, and access remains a challenge for women, especially in rural communities. Recent IOM GBV assessments and coordination activities through the GBV sub-cluster identified service gaps for case management, psychosocial support and referrals to other response services. The prevalence of GBV is underpinned by a patriarchal social system reinforced by other harmful gender norms. The conflict, deteriorating food security situation and restrictions imposed by COVID-19 has affect men’s inability to provide for and protect their families. For those unable to live up to idealized norms of masculinity, acts of violence and crime are used to express their authority and control. There is a need to engage men and boys, particularly disenfranchised youth in being part of the solution to prevent and respond to GBV.

IOM intends to strengthen GBV prevention and response programming in greater Wau State and Warrap, particularly the Tri-State border areas contributing to the United Nations Strategic Response Plan to Mitigate



Cattle Raiding-Related Conflict as an overarching strategy for addressing migration-related conflict in the Tri-State border areas. In the Tri-State area the annual migration of cattle from Warrap and Lakes states into farming land around Wau has historically caused tension. The challenge of harmonising land usage between pastoralists and settled agriculturalists has been a recurring problem during each dry season. As result a number of cattle-related conflict in the Tri-State border areas has frequently been concentrated in Jur River county. Furthermore, mental, social and physical well-being are a prerequisite for conflict-affected individuals and communities to engage in meaningful activities promoting the peaceful integration and co-existence of people with diverse ethnic and geographical backgrounds.

Therefore, the International Organization for Migration (IOM) with support from various donors is implementing seeks to strengthen national ownership to meet critical humanitarian needs to provide services for GBV survivors and promote community-recovery and resilience in conflict affected areas contributing to both GBV, Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS) and peacebuilding outcomes.

IOM is looking to partner with National non-governmental organizations (NNGOs) with existing experience implementing Gender-Based Violence programming, predominately for GBV response activities in of Wau and Warrap States linked with IOM MHPSS and transitional and recovery initiatives. Successful applicants will receive a sub-grant of between \$60,000 to \$120,000 USD for a 6 – 12 months period.

III. PROJECT PARTNERSHIP DETAILS

The objective of the project is to contribute to preventing and responding to the needs of survivors of gender-based violence (GBV) among populations who have been severely affected by the ongoing crisis in South Sudan in **Wau town, greater Wau State and Tonj North or Gorgrial West of Warrap State.**

The programme outcomes are:

Outcome 1 - Improved access to GBV response services in underserved locations;

Outcome 2 – Supporting the change of harmful and inequitable social and gender norms and behaviours that promote GBV;

Partners are expected to contribute to some of the outcomes above, as well as outputs and indicators below:

Outcome 1: Improved access to GBV response services in underserved locations	Indicator: # of persons who benefit from improved access to GBV response services and associated activities (sex, age, disability disaggregated)	Target: 8,000 per location
Output 1.1:	# of GBV survivors who receive focused non-specialized case management and	Target: 80 per location



<p>GBV case management and PSS services are provided to conflict- and COVID-19 affected populations</p>	<p>PSS services (disaggregated by sex, age, disability).</p> <p>Updated GBV service mapping</p> <p># of referral pathway service provider staff principles (MHPSS, health, police, other protection and security actors) trained on GBV response and guiding (disaggregated by age, sex, disability)</p>	<p>Target: 1 per location</p> <p>Target: 25</p>
<p>1.1.1 Conduct service mapping and assessment on GBV gaps, applying COVID-19 IPC guidance.</p> <p>1.1.2 Conduct training for other service providers, on GBV service provision standards including guiding principles applying COVID-19 IPC guidance. Ensure that IOM MHPSS and health teams are engaged, where operational in Wau.</p> <p>1.1.3. Conduct workshop to establish a GBV referral pathway, or review challenges for referral with other GBV service providers/stakeholders applying COVID-19 IPC guidance. Ensure that IOM MHPSS and health teams are engaged, where operational in Wau.</p> <p>1.1.4. Provide GBV case management and focused non-specialized services (counselling, referrals) to conflict-affected women and girls according to technical standards, ensuring access and response for women with disabilities and applying COVID-19 IPC guidance. The partner must ensure that case management links with IOM MHPSS group and individual support services and activities where operational in Wau.</p> <p>1.1.5: Provide ad-hoc materials support for GBV survivors as part of case management, applying COVID-19 IPC guidance.</p>		
<p>Output 1.2: Service access for GBV survivors is strengthened</p>	<p># women and girls benefitting from PSS and lifeskills activities at women and girl's friendly spaces (WGFS) (disaggregated by age, disability)</p> <p># of people reached with GBV response and COVID-19 related key messages (disaggregated by age, sex, disability)</p> <p># of protective face masks produced for staff and beneficiaries (disaggregated by age, sex, disability)</p>	<p>Target: 150 per location</p> <p>Target: 6,000 per location</p> <p>Target: 2,000 per location</p>
<p>1.2.1 Establish women and girls friendly spaces (WGFS) according to technical guidelines and applying COVID-19 IPC guidance. Where IOM MHPSS are operational, the partner will contribute to activities being conducted in MHPSS community spaces in Wau.</p>		



<p>1.2.2 Establish PSS activities and support groups led by trained facilitators, including lifeskills sessions utilizing approved curriculum, applying COVID-19 IPC guidance.</p> <p>1.2.3 Production of face-masks according to CDC guidelines as protective gear (hand sewing or by use of sewing machines) among WGFS group members, applying COVID-19 IPC guidance (in Warrap only).</p> <p>1.2.4 Train GBV outreach staff on GBV response messages and facilitation techniques, and attitudes that support GBV guiding principles and the rights of GBV survivors;</p> <p>1.2.5 Dissemination of GBV service access, linked with MHPSS and COVID-19 related key messages via door-to-door, megaphones or radio applying COVID-19 IPC guidance.</p> <p>1.2.6 Establish community-based protection committees to support protection and referral to services (optional).</p>		
<p>Outcome 2: The protective environment is strengthened, including contributing to change of harmful and inequitable social and gender norms and behaviours that promote GBV and SEA</p>	<p>% change in project participants attitudes related to GBV prevention</p> <p>% of project participants able to identify reporting avenues for SEA (disaggregated by age, sex, disability, topic of message)</p> <p>% of women, men, girls and boys who accessed the complaints-feedback mechanism who are satisfied with it (disaggregated by age, sex, disability, topic of message)</p>	<p>Target: Baseline + 20% per location</p> <p>Target: 60%</p> <p>Target: 60%</p>
<p>Output 2.1: Increased awareness of GBV issues and SEA</p>	<p># of women, men, girls and boys reached through GBV and SEA awareness raising activities linked to prevention (disaggregated by age, sex, disability, topic of message)</p>	<p>Target: 6,000 per location</p>
<p>Output 2.2 Establish an accessible complaints-feedback mechanism</p>	<p>% of women, men, girls and boys aware of how to access the project complaints-feedback mechanism (disaggregated by age, sex, disability, topic of message)</p>	<p>Target: 60%</p>
<p>Output 2.3 Men and boys are engaged in preventing GBV in their communities, based on priorities identified by women and girls</p>	<p># of women, men, girls and boys reached through GBV prevention initiatives (disaggregated by age, sex, disability, type of approach e.g. SASA, EMAP etc)</p>	<p>Target: 200 per location</p>



- 2.1.1 Identify and train staff and community members in attitudes supportive of GBV guiding principles and the rights of GBV survivors, GBV prevention awareness and facilitation approaches (radio, drama, engaging influencers/role models and other approaches relevant to maintain IPC in COVID-19).
- 2.1.2 Conduct a GBV baseline and endline survey, and establish monitoring of effect of GBV messaging and other community communications.
- 2.1.3 Identify and establish a functional complaints-feedback mechanism ensuring differentiated access by age, gender, disability.
- 2.1.4 Conduct GBV awareness at the community and household level applying COVID-19 IPC guidance, and ensuring communications outreach to people with disabilities, including through engaging their formal and informal associations and are adapted for inclusivity.
- 2.1.5 Identify and train staff and community members in attitudes supportive of GBV guiding principles and the rights of GBV survivors, GBV prevention awareness and facilitation approaches (radio, drama, engaging influencers and other approaches relevant to maintain IPC in COVID-19).
- 2.1.6 Establish individual behaviour change dialogues GBV prevention/positive masculinities/with youth and elders from communities engaged in conflict, on preventing violence at community level and violence against women and girls.
- 2.1.7 Establish GBV community activist groups and forums for intergenerational dialogues.
- 2.1.8 Work with IOM GBV and MHPSS staff and community volunteers on safe and ethical facilitation of discussions of GBV issues in support groups and for community outreach (in Wau only).

The applicant organisation must complete the proposal narrative (Annex A) and outline which of the above outcome, outputs and activities the partner will contribute to and indicators and targets should be reflected in the logframe (Annex B). All proposals must outline how disability and social inclusion, environmental protection, accountability to affected populations (AAP), protection from sexual exploitation and abuse (PSEA), gender equity including among staff, staff welfare and respectful working environment will be addressed by the partner.

Successful partners will receive technical support and capacity building trainings onsite and distance support. Potential partners are encouraged to identify gaps in technical capacity to implement the project for which they would require IOM technical support.

IV. ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA



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Required:

1. National NGO (NNGO) working on peace building, human rights and protection in Wau (including possible outreach among populations in Jur River) or Warrap state (Tonj South or Gorgrial West) in South Sudan.
2. NNGO that is legally registered in South Sudan.
3. Completed the application requirements.
4. Can demonstrate existing activities on GBV prevention and response programming.
5. Has been operational in the location of interest for at least 2 years.

Desirable:

6. Has available funding for programming for at least 6 months and demonstrates the ability to raise funds after the partnership comes to an end.
7. Clearly explains how the project activities are tailored to the context and respond to the identified needs in the location.

V. APPLICATIONS

If your organization is interested, please complete the application form, narrative proposal and budget, along with the required attachments and send to ISSJP@iom.int no later than 17th June 2020.

Applications will only be considered if they include:

- 1) Statement of Interest, Signed by Management
- 2) Proof of NGO registration
- 3) Current Strategic Plan (if available)
- 4) Organisational Policies
- 5) 2 years of annual narrative and financial reports
- 6) Narrative proposal, budget, logframe and work plan (using IOM templates)