INTRODUCTION
IOM supports the Government of Mozambique to manage humane, safe and orderly migration for the benefit of migrants and society, and to provide assistance to vulnerable and displaced populations. Efforts continue to assist families affected by Cyclone Idai and Cyclone Kenneth, and those affected by insecurity as well as the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

SHELTER / WASH / NFIs
» 805 persons in Pemba received construction materials to retrofit their shelters.
» 4,215 IDPs in Nampula received Shelter NFIs.
» 450 vulnerable persons supported with shelter construction in resettlement sites in Buzi and Dondo.
» 10,000 IDPs received face masks at resettlement sites in central Mozambique.

CAMP COORDINATION AND CAMP MANAGEMENT (CCCM)
» 6,088 persons were reached through awareness raising activities in 48 resettlement sites (RS).
» 899 persons participated in 204 site committee meetings, in 48 RS (Manica and Sofala).
» 4,286 persons assisted by CCCM teams at information desks and house visits.
» 596 persons participated in 116 women committee meetings, established in 37 RS.

MENTAL HEALTH AND PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT (MHPSS)
» 1,166 persons participated in recreational, cultural, sports or other activities.
» 900 persons benefited from MHPSS services such as individual, family and group counselling.
» 88 persons were referred to specialized mental health services (Manica, Sofala and Cabo Delgado).

HEALTH
» 916 persons in resettlement sites received consultations from mobile medical teams.
» 744 persons were referred to specialized medical services (Manica, Sofala and Cabo Delgado).
» 88 TB or HIV positive individuals no longer taking medication were returned to treatment.

PROTECTION
» 5,192 persons were assisted at protection desks by or through multidisciplinary mobile teams.
» 3,695 persons were reached through awareness raising in Manica, Sofala and Cabo Delgado.
» 583 persons were referred to specialized protection services in Manica, Sofala and Cabo Delgado.

ABOUT IOM MOZAMBIQUE
IOM has worked in Mozambique since 1994, and has activities in all 11 provinces. More than 300 staff work across IOM’s main office in Maputo, sub-offices in Beira and Pemba, satellite offices in Memba and Dombe, and a new satellite office soon in Buzi.
COVID-19
- 939 migrants returning from South Africa and other countries received follow up health services.
- 1,363 follow-up calls made to returning migrants and their families in Maputo, Gaza and Inhambane.
- 6 symptomatic returning migrants and their families were identified and referred to medical services.
- 20 districts or border posts and 12 resettlement sites were reached through awareness raising.
- 5,000+ truck drivers at 2 border posts received COVID-19 prevention messages.

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING MATRIX (DTM)
- 94,220 internally displaced persons in central Mozambique included in reports produced using DTM.
- 185 localities and 73 resettlement sites assessed using DTM tools in Central Mozambique.
- 7 reports produced on the needs of internally displaced and other affected persons.

PEACEBUILDING AND COMMUNITY RESILIENCE
In Macomia, IOM conducted a second round of community dialogue sessions. Feedback received evidenced that sessions have contributed to increased coordination and problem solving with the authorities. In Montepuez, IOM conducted a scoping mission for potential community stabilization programming, including income generation and civil society organization (CSO) capacity building. IOM met with the district government, community leaders and CSOs to present the project and gather information for community and CSO selection.

MIGRATION, ENVIRONMENT AND CLIMATE CHANGE
IOM and Shell BV produced the assessment on energy access, use, needs, markets and challenges in resettlement sites of Sofala & Manica Provinces. The report evidenced the benefits of energy access, for example increased safety through lighting, health through improved cooking alternatives, education by allowing beneficiaries to study at early mornings or nights, and the environment through reduced deforestation. The report also evidenced that access to energy could expand livelihood opportunities through its productive use, for example through improved irrigation systems for agriculture.

MIGRATION MANAGEMENT
1,038 Mozambican mine workers who are returning to work in South Africa received health screenings at the Ressano Garcia Occupational Health Center, where IOM is conducting screenings on behalf of the Ministry of Health and in partnership with the Ministry of Labour. A total of 2,785 mine workers have received health screenings since early July.

IOM provided support to establish 3 new Reference Groups on Child Protection and Combatting Trafficking in Persons and Irregular Migration and provided coaching on case management and capacity building for 4 Reference Groups already established. IOM also conducted two protection and MHPSS needs assessments in Montepuez and Nampula.