

Ninth Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Consultative Processes on Migration (GRCP 9)

*International Migration Review Forum:
an Opportunity for Inter-State Consultations Mechanisms on
Migration to Contribute to the Global Governance of Migration*

10-11 November 2021

Summary Report



International Organization for Migration (IOM)
The UN Migration Agency



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LIST OF ACRONYMS

ARCP	Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration
AU HoAI	African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants
CMC	Caribbean Migration Consultations
GCM	Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration
GFMD	Global Forum on Migration and Development
GRCP	Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Consultative Processes on Migration / Meeting of Global and (Inter)Regional Consultative Processes on Migration
ICMPD	International Centre for Migration Policy Development
IGC	Intergovernmental Consultations on Migration, Asylum and Refugees
IMRF	International Migration Review Forum
IOM	International Organization for Migration
ISCM	Inter-State Consultation Mechanism on Migration
MIDCOM	Migration Dialogue from the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa Member States
MID-IGAD	Migration Dialogue for Intergovernmental Authority on Development
MIDSA	Dialogue for Southern Africa
OCAM	Central American Commission of Migration Directors
PAFoM	Pan-African Forum on Migration
PIDC	Pacific Immigration Development Community
RCM	Regional Conference on Migration
RIAM	Ibero-American Network of Migration Authorities
RMFM	Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa
SACM	South American Conference on Migration
UNHCR	United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees

SUMMARY REPORT

Introduction

[Inter-State consultation mechanisms on migration](#) (ISCMs) are ongoing information-sharing and policy dialogues among States with an interest in promoting cooperation in the field of migration, and comprise regional consultative processes on migration (RCPs), interregional forums on migration (IRFs) and global processes on migration. ISCMs are important actors of migration governance, as such they contribute to global initiatives on migration, like the [Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration](#) (GCM).

During 2017-2018 several ISCMs developed formal recommendations on the GCM stocktaking exercise. These recommendations, along with the ISCMs' collective position on the GCM – formulated at the [2017 Seventh Global Meeting of ISCMs](#) – the “[GRCP 7 Highlights](#)”, were taken into consideration by the GCM co-Facilitators when drafting the GCM resolution text. Hence, member States ensured the inclusion of ISCMs as important actors in the [GCM resolution](#) as well as the [resolution on the International Migration Review Forum \(IMRF\)](#), among other things, to review the GCM implementation within the respective regions and contribute to the IMRF particularly by providing relevant data, evidence, best practices, innovative approaches and recommendations relevant for the GCM implementation. ISCMs' contribution to the GCM and IMRF are forms of their contribution to global governance of migration.

Bringing together the Chairs and Secretariat Heads of all ISCMs, the [Meeting of Global and \(Inter\) Regional Consultative Processes on migration also known as the Global ISCM Meeting or GRCP](#) is the global coordination and cooperation forum for the ISCMs, which among other things, aims to shape joint ISCM approaches to various migration issues, including common ISCM approaches on emerging migration issues and on global initiatives addressing migration.

In anticipation of the first IMRF in 2022, the [Ninth Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration \(GRCP 9\)](#) event focused on the important contribution ISCMs may bring to the global governance of migration through their review of the GCM implementation at the global level at the first IMRF planned for 2022. [GRCP 9](#) provided a forum for ISCMs to take stock of their contributions to migration governance within and across regions, share their achievements and suggest their recommendations on their role in the IMRF.

GRCP 9 meeting was organized as an interactive event. It once again demonstrated the indispensability of ISCMs in global and regional migration governance and the wealth of practices and recommendations to improve migration governance across the regions. The IMRF is an important opportunity for strengthening GCM implementation as well as migration governance at different levels and ISCMs are in a unique position to contribute to this endeavor by bringing in regional perspectives and facilitating regional and inter-regional cooperation on migration. Formats of ISCM engagement to IMRF were also explored: ISCMs can take an active part in different segments of IMRF conference and can organize side events on the margin of IMRF.

This Summary Report includes highlights from the speakers' presentations, interventions and discussion during the GRCP meeting, as well as the key outcomes of [GRCP 9](#).

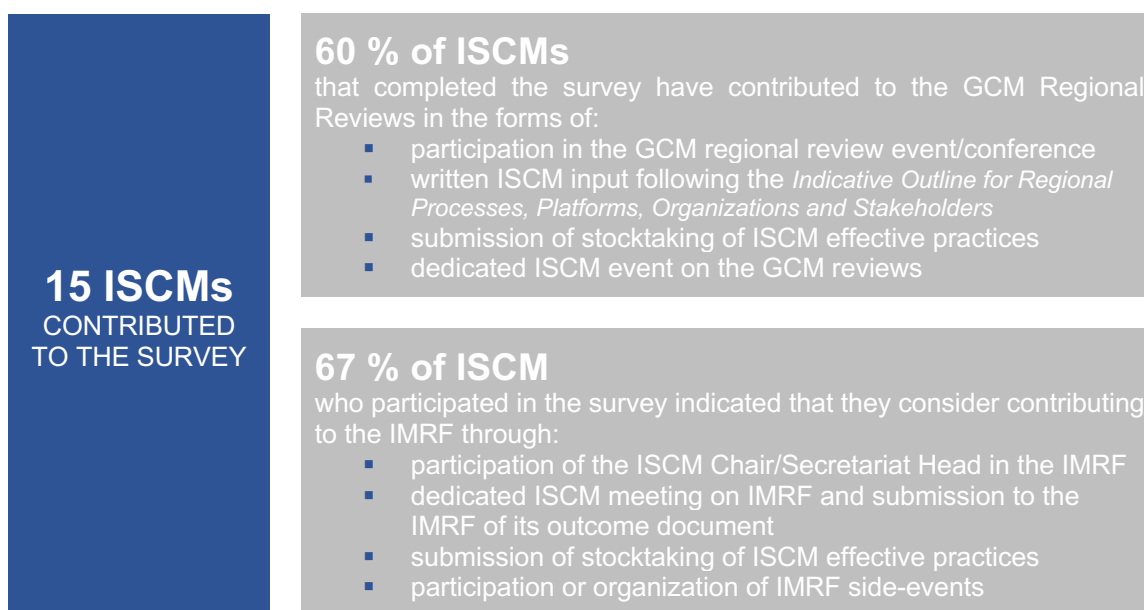
The bigger context: background information and the 2021 survey

The UN General Assembly Resolution [A/RES/73/195 "Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration"](#) (GCM Resolution - 19 December 2018) invites the RCPs and other ISCMs to contribute to the GCM follow-up and review, in particular by contributing to the IMRF.

The GCM is a State-led effort to elaborate a comprehensive international cooperation framework on migrants and human mobility by setting out a range of principles, commitments and understandings among UN Member States regarding international migration in all its dimensions. The IMRF is the primary intergovernmental global platform for UN Members States to discuss and share progress on the implementation of all aspects of the GCM. The IMRF will convene every four years, starting in 2022.

GCM and IMRF Resolutions¹ invite all relevant "sub-regional, regional and cross-regional processes, platforms" to contribute to the GCM reviews at the regional and at the global level. Specifically, the IMRF resolution calls on ISCMs to review the GCM implementation within their regions and to contribute to the IMRF "by providing relevant data, evidence, best practices, innovative approaches and recommendations as they relate to the implementation of the Global Compact".

To facilitate the collection of ISCM inputs, as per previous practice as in the case of the [survey undertaken during the development of the GCM itself](#), the International Partnerships Division (IPD) in the International Organization for Migration (IOM) conducted a survey addressed to the Chairs and Secretariats of all those ISCM which plan to contribute to the IMRF². The [Survey summary and the combined feedback from the compiled questionnaires](#) will be submitted through the UN Network on Migration to the UN General Assembly as the collective ISCM contribution to the IMRF, in addition to all their other inputs provided bilaterally or through participation to the reviews.



The survey revealed a multitude of ISCM regional practices that can be relevant also for the IMRF. Both the survey and the **GRCP 9** meeting showed a growing interest on part of the ISCMs to view the IMRF and the GCM as vehicles of global migration governance, to contribute to the IMRF and to expand the ISCM thematic foci to address more GCM objectives.

¹ Article 50 of the GCM Resolution and Article 10 of the IMRF Resolution (UN GA Resolution A/RES/73/326 "Format and organizational aspects of the international migration review forums") of 19 July 2019.

² See "Annex I: ISCMs Survey Summary 2021" for more information.

Summary of proceedings and highlights of discussion

The **GRCP 9** event brought together the Chairs and the Heads of Secretariat of 23 inter-State consultation mechanisms on migration from different parts of the world. The event was structured in four virtual sessions (at staggered times to allow representatives from different time zones to take part in the proceedings) hosted by IOM and organized by the International Partnership Division as the GRCP Secretariat.

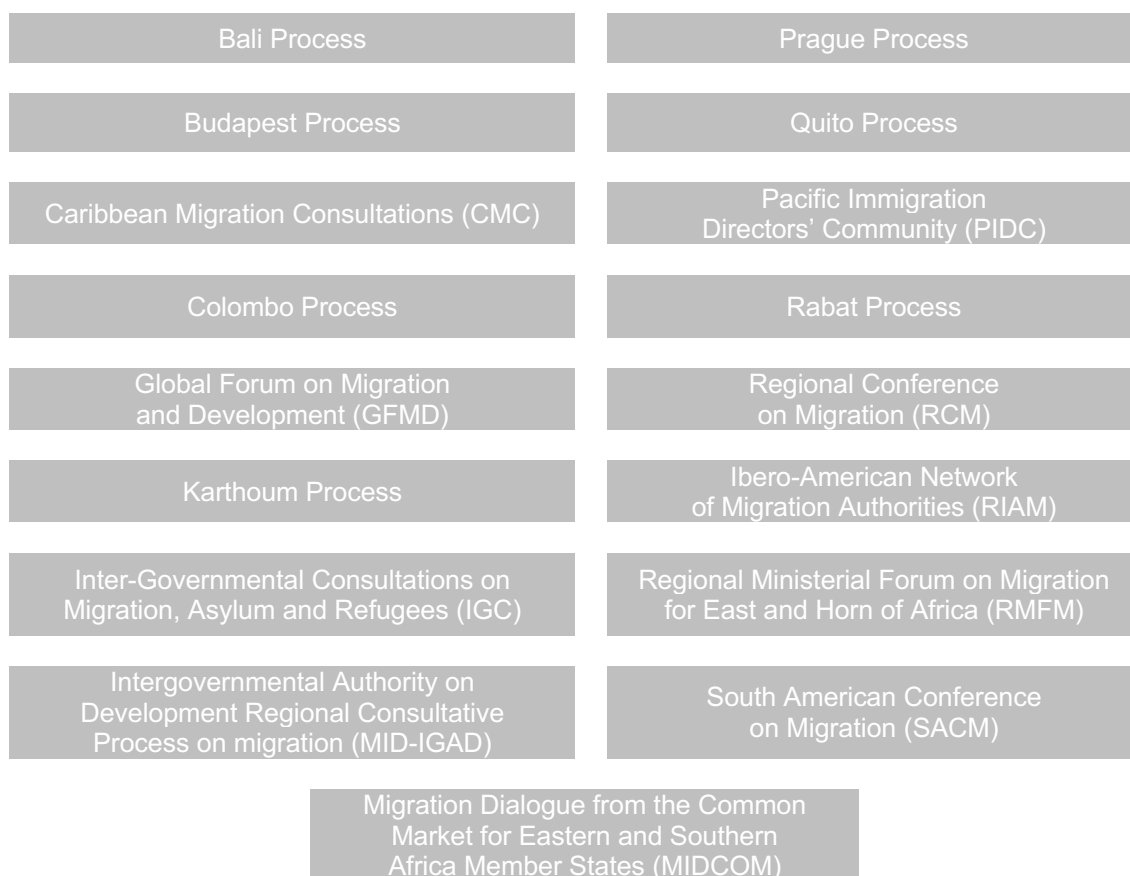
IOM Director General Antonio Vitorino opened the event and the first session by stressing that the GRCP discussions will examine key developments in migration governance and the continuing role of interstate consultation mechanisms in supporting safe, orderly and well-managed migration. As the coordinator of the United Nations Network on Migration (UNMN), IOM is committed to facilitating inclusive preparatory process participated by all stakeholders including ISCMs. In the preparatory process leading up to IMRF, Inter-State consultation mechanisms on migration may organize events on GCM implementation and submit outcome documents to IMRF; they can provide input to the drafting of the progress declaration that is to be adopted at the IMRF.

The second session took up most of the time of the first day on November 10. The discussion session was facilitated by Frank Tressler Zamorano, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Permanent Representative of Chile to the UN and International Organizations in Geneva, Chair of the South American Conference on Migration (SACM). Representatives of chairs and secretariats from CMC, OCAM, Prague Process, Quito Process, RCM, RFMF, RIAM, and SACM made statements during this session.

At the same time, the third session took place during the second day of GPCR 9 on November 11, based on a second space for exchange and discussion facilitated by Rolliansyah Soemirat, Director for International Security and Disarmament, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Indonesia, for the Bali Process Co-Chair. During this session, representatives of chairs and secretariats from Abu Dhabi Dialogue, ARCP, AU HoAI, Bali Process, Budapest Process, GFMD, Khartoum Process, MID-IGAD, MIDSA, PAFOM, PIDC, took the floor to share their statements.

Finally, the fourth session focused on the main conclusions drawn by the two rapporteurs of the discussion sessions Luis Alonso Serrano Echeverría, Head of Technical Secretariat of the Regional Conference on Migration (RCM) and Ahmed Zanya Bugre, Senior Migrant Protection and Assistance Advisor, Department for Health, Humanitarian Affairs, and Social Development, African Union Commission, for the Co-Head of the African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI) Secretariat; Head of the Pan-African Forum on Migration (PAFOM) Secretariat; and Co-Head of EU-Horn of Africa Migration Route Initiative (Khartoum Process) Secretariat. The final words and closing remarks of GPCR 9 were delivered by Wen Li, Director for International Cooperation and Partnerships (ICP), IOM.

ACTIVE ISCMs	
Abu Dhabi Dialogue (ADD)	Migration Dialogue for Southern Africa (MIDSA)
African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI)	Migration Dialogue for West Africa (MIDWA)
Almaty Process	Central American Commission of Migration Directors (OCAM)
Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration and Asylum Affairs (ARCP)	Pan-African Forum on Migration (PAFOM)



GPCR 9 was planned as an interactive space for sharing experiences among the different ISCMs. This objective was achieved thanks to the active participation of several of the participating mechanisms, including 18 ISCMs who spoke. At the same time, the high level of the participants was an element that favored the discussion, offering significant levels of representativeness and showing commitment to the central objective of **GRCP 9**.

Possible formats for the contribution by Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on migration to the IMRF were considered and examples illustrated of those inter-State consultation mechanisms which already have.

The preliminary results of a survey on the different ISCM's contributions to the IMRF process was presented by IOM during the **GRCP 9** proceedings; once all ISCMs feedback is consolidated it will be submitted to the IMRF conference as a collective ISCM input.

Key outcomes of GRCP 9

Dialogue among ISCMs at **GRCP 9** proved fruitful in several areas, advancing a common understanding of migration governance, and revealing shared findings and recommendations. Key **GRCP 9** outcomes included identifying best practices and areas for improvement in four domains: IMRF contributions to migration governance, trends, and challenges for a strategic discussion at IMRF policy debate and roundtables, effective practices, and innovative approaches led by ISMCs and contributions from ISCMs to IMRF.

IMRF contributions to migration governance

The IMRF is an opportunity for the ISCMs to raise regional priorities and demonstrate the benefits of cross-regional cooperation at the global level, reflecting the GCM's intent of improved international cooperation on migration. ISCMs have been working actively in implementing GCM objectives at the regional/interregional level. Activities include harmonizing migration policies in the region, promoting information and good practice sharing, strengthening evidence based research and analysis, creating thematic working groups around specific topics, conducting joint training programs, and including GCM review into ISCM agenda as a standing item.

ISCMs remain relevant actors in migration governance with their cooperation and coordination being crucial for the promotion of synergies for good migration governance. This has been elaborated by the creation of a consortium of safe committees with several secretariats within ISCMs. These mechanisms, as reported by ISCMs remain essential on the contribution of migration governance and have throughout the past three decades, acted as a space to develop policies by states rooted in a common approach as well as provided a haven for the development of migration governance policies.

“The IMRF is the primary intergovernmental global platform for States and all stakeholders to discuss and share progress on the implementation of all aspects of the Global Compact for Migration, including as it relates to the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.”

Antonio Vitorino, Director General, International Organization for Migration (IOM)

ISCMs have continued to focus their policies on the rights of migrants and their families with several mechanisms implementing thematic networks that, while allowing for a better approach and follow-up on current issues, are advancing in the institutionalization of spaces that address regional challenges. However, there remains a need to strengthen dialogue and possible linkages between the mechanisms to continue deepening the regional architecture.

The mentioned survey conducted by IOM to better understand the ISCM inputs to the IMRF revealed that many ISCMs are interested and ready to contribute to the IMRF, including through participation in the IMRF; the organization of ISCM meetings dedicated to IMRF; and submission to the IMRF of ISCM effective practices. According to ISCMs feedback to the survey, the work of ISCMs can be in support of various GCM objectives and GCM guiding principles, however, all ISCMs contribute to objective 23 on cooperation and partnerships and the guiding principle of international cooperation.

IMRF Policy Debate and Roundtables: trends and challenges for a strategic discussion

ISCMs pointed out trends whilst recognizing challenges that need to be addressed in the IMRF Policy Debate and at the IMRF Roundtables.

The problematics related to COVID-19 impact was behind many of the statements. ISCMs reported that COVID-19 has affected not only the GCM review process but also affected migration in general. In this sense, the discussion showed the need to maintain their capacity to adapt to emerging contexts and strengthening dialogue and possible linkages among ISCMs and other entities. Particularly, the shortage of funds in the context of the global pandemic emergency was mentioned as a specific challenge for ISCMs.

“There is a growing recognition that regular migration and well managed migration policies, activities and programs can contribute to the socio-economic recovery from the impacts of the pandemic.”

Robert Natiello, Head of the Interim Secretariat of the Caribbean Migration Consultations (CMC)

Another highlighted point refers to the transparency in information sharing. ISCMs pointed out that it remains a priority to continue strengthening channels for the exchange of information, tools, good practices, and lessons learned. ISCMs believe in the importance of the IMRF and of sharing the experiences of the mechanisms within the context of the **GRCP 9** as well as parallel events.

ISCMs reported to respond to the pandemic through several ways. As much as information sharing was a challenge mentioned, ISCMs reported the importance of continued information sharing. They reported fostering and exchanging information through sharing of recommendations on border management in the context of COVID-19; with organizations such as the World Health Organization (WHO) as a contribution to building back better. In addition, ISCMs shared good practices in cross-border matters to promote transparency and agreed to continue sharing best practices overall.

ISCMs also reported on the importance of following up on the focus areas such as:

- Inclusion and Diversity (Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration, ARCP).
- The impact of COVID-19 and climate change on migration and relevant response (Budapest Process, GFMD).
- Wholesome and balanced migration and asylum governance (Budapest Process).
- Interregional dialogue and cooperation for improved migration governance and response (Abu Dhabi Dialogue).
- Addressing irregular migration and better management of labour mobility (Budapest Process, MID-IGAD); and
- Enhanced integrated border management, equal and non-discriminatory treatment of migrants (PIDC, MID-IGAD).

Effective practices and innovative approaches to be shared

Many initiatives and actions are being carried out simultaneously through the ISCMs to deepen the work carried out on migration governance. The following are some outstanding examples that were presented at GPCR 9:

Thematic coordination

South American Conference on Migration (SACM)

The SACM presented a new methodology implemented through the creation of working networks in the last presidency to achieve a strengthened space attentive to the challenges of mobility in the regional reality. Focus will be in gender equality, environment and climate change, education, access to justice with a non-discrimination approach, reliable data, and prevention of migrant trafficking.

Inclusive dialogue

Prague Process

The Prague Process shared an effective approach used to look for inclusiveness and information sharing through three main tools: 1) intergovernmental dialogue on migration with participating

states, EU institutions and partner organizations; 2) the migration observatory provides evidence-based analysis, composed of academic researchers and state actors and works with valuable data; and 3) capacity building instruments like the E-learning platform for migration and asylum with the main objective of delivering learning during the pandemic.

Training for a better migration policy

Pacific Immigration Development Community (PIDC)

The delivery of immigration and border control related training programmes and efforts allowed the organization to strengthen governance structures and legal frameworks into Members' operations. They work closely with several donors and partner agencies. The Results from this was 2020 Training Needs Analysis (TNA) for its members.

Labour migration

Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa (RMFM)

Labour information flow mechanisms have been organized, identifying labor migration needs. Each country has established a national technical advisory committee which is chaired by the permanent secretary, principal secretary, and directors in the ministries responsible for labor migration. Actions in progress include forum meetings, advisory and technical committees, operational models, and roadmaps for implementing the objectives.

Focus on the pandemic context

Ibero-American Network of Migration Authorities (RIAM)

Due the effects of the pandemic, the process looks for a shared approach with borders as the main issue. In that sense, the response included shared recommendations on border management and cross-border matters with a special focus on vulnerable groups, an approach to intra- and extra-regional migration, progresses in the exchange of information and the development of joint alert systems.

IMRF as an opportunity

Caribbean Migration Consultations (CMC)

The CMC has developed a website that promotes exchange and dialogue for all the members. They are organizing webinars through this platform to assist States in their preparation for IMRF.

Knowledge production

Global Forum on Migration and Development (GFMD)

The GFMD has identified the GCM review as a key issue by its steering committee. To this point, the committee members have worked on the production of an input report, which is based on a discussion paper compiled by the Committee on GFMD-GCM relations.

"We should highlight the importance of respecting diversity and inclusion and preventing all forms of discrimination. The role of partnerships should be strengthened to give adequate attention to these challenges related to migration, which required joint efforts and collective solutions. These issues should be addressed in the IMRF."

Lobna Azzam, for the Head of the Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration (ARCP)

How ISCMs can contribute to the IMRF? General aspects and possible resources to enable its engagement

Several of the ISCMs have stated that they are prioritizing in their action plans and activities the issue of the IMRF, working to generate added value to the discussions and putting GCM objectives as a framework to develop different initiatives. In many cases, this joint work also seeks to ensure the participation of the member states that are part of each of the processes.

Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)

Mexico has a GCM follow-up system, in which they share best practices, actions and challenges. They prepare two annual reports using the framework of the GCM objectives. Four reports have already been developed (174 actions in the last report). Next year, the 2nd Workshop on the revision of the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration will be held, with the support of IOM and ECLAC, to support governments in the revision process at the IMRF.

Global Forum on Migration and Development (GFMD)

GFMD's contribution to the IMRF has been identified as a foremost priority for this year by GFMD steering group.

"ISCMS provide an important platform for advancing cooperation and collaboration at national, regional and global levels for better and more effective migration management."

Simon K. Chelugui, Chair of the Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa (RMFM)

In general, the importance of consolidating spaces for dialogue and exchange, such as preparatory meetings and parallel events on specific topics, which can generate results to be maintained after the IMRF, was highlighted. At the same time, the ISMCs also stressed the importance of allocating resources for the contribution to the IMRF and the overall monitoring of GCM implementation.

Abu Dhabi Dialogue (ADD)

A key metric to the success of the IMRF is in its capacity to integrate regional inputs into the process including political, economic, and cultural perspectives. The ISCMs have an important role to play in achieving this.

CONCLUSION

ISCMs are important actors in migration governance and, as such, they have paved the way for the emergence of global initiatives addressing migration and mainstreaming migration into the political agenda at the highest level and contributed to new forms of international cooperation on human mobility.

ISCMs continue being the main locomotives of regional and global migration governance, contributors to advocacy, capacity building and cooperation on migration, regardless of the GCM, which is aspiring to elaborate a comprehensive international cooperation framework on migrants and human mobility. As the main actors in regional and global migration governance and the precursors of the global initiatives on migration, like the GCM, the ISCMs are expected by the international community to contribute to the GCM implementation and review at the regional and global levels.

Ninth Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration (GRCP 9) discussed possible contributions by interested ISCMs to the IMRF - the global-level review of the GCM, and addressed the possible formats of ISCM contribution to IMRF, ISCM practices relevant for GCM review as well as trends, challenges and gaps to be raised at the IMRF.

The **GRCP 9** event brought together the Chairs and the Heads of Secretariat of 23 inter-State consultation mechanisms on migration from different parts of the world. This interactive event revealed once again the wealth of ISCMs' experience and expertise on migration governance and international cooperation for migration.

One important outcome is that ISCM contribution to the GCM is a regional, collective input by the ISCM as a whole, and focuses on the work of the given ISCM as an entity and not on the engagement in the GCM of the ISCM member States. ISCM review of the GCM is not a cumulative of the review of its member States and is independent of national GCM reviews.

ISCMs may contribute to the GCM in different forms: (i) ISCM event on global review of the GCM and submission of the outcome documents of this meeting to the IMRF conference; (ii) Submission of a written compilation of effective practices and partnership models by the ISCM relevant for the GCM objectives and principles; (iii) participation in the IMRF Conference as ISCM; (iv) side event at the IMRF conference, etc. ISCMs may also contribute jointly with other ISCMs or organizations, e.g., joint events in IMRF, joint submissions or joint side-events.

ISCMs can choose from a variety of types of inputs that can be submitted directly or indirectly or a combination of such inputs. These inputs should be possible to be compiled with minimum resources and time but will constitute a big relevance for the IMRF and for reconfirming the ISCMs' central role in regional, interregional and global governance of migration.

In reviewing the outcomes of **Ninth Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration (GRCP 9)**, the discussion among ISCMs did fulfil the goal set out, to advance "an opportunity for Inter-State Consultations Mechanisms on Migration to Contribute to the Global Governance of Migration". ISCMs celebrated achievements and synergies and engaged in critical review of areas in need of improvement considering the upcoming IMRF: IMRF contributions to migration governance, trends, and challenges for a strategic discussion at IMRF policy debate and roundtables, effective practices, and innovative approaches led by ISMCs and contributions from ISCMs to IMRF.

ISCMs view the IMRF as an important opportunity for strengthening GCM implementation as well as migration governance at different levels. ISCMs are in a unique position, and the **GRCP 9** proved this, to contribute to this endeavor by bringing in regional perspectives and facilitating regional and inter-regional cooperation on migration.

ISCMs were encouraged to address the IMRF at their events and prepare updates on their work as ISCM that already contributes to migration governance and thus is a contribution also to the GCM as the comprehensive international cooperation framework on migrants and human mobility.

To participate in the IMRF an entity will need to get accreditation before the set deadline at <https://www.un.org/en/migration2022/accreditation> before being able to register for participation. Those entities that were accredited to 2018 Intergovernmental Conference in Marrakech can register for the IMRF without accreditation.

To contribute to global migration governance, ISCMs are invited to share their best practices through the Migration Network Hub. Launched in March 2021, the Migration Network Hub as a key capacity building measure provided for in the GCM, is the first knowledge platform and connection hub that supports UN Member States in the implementation, follow-up and review of the Global Compact for Migration. The Hub provides high-quality, curated content, analysis and information on all aspects of migration as covered in the GCM and is a community of practice to share migration knowledge, expertise, good practices and initiatives related to the GCM among Member States, organizations and practitioners.

GRCP provided a channel for dialogue and exchange for the governance of migration. The IMRF represents the next step on this path and the **GRCP 9** has shown itself to be an instrument that helps in the path that is being taken.

ANNEX I: ISCMs Survey Summary 2021



Summary of Survey on Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on migration (ISCM) input to the International Migration Review Forum (IMRF)

In anticipation of the first International Migration Review Forum, the International Organization for Migration (IOM) conducted a survey among [inter-State Consultation mechanisms on migration](#) (ISCM) on their engagement with the [regional reviews](#) of the [Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration](#) (GCM) and their possible contributions to the [IMRF](#).

15 ISCMs (more than half of the total of 29 ISCMs³ approached) contributed to the survey: African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI); Almaty Process on Refugee Protection and International Migration; Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration and Refugee Affairs (ARCP); Budapest Process; Caribbean Migration Consultations (CMC); Global Forum on Migration and Development (GFMD); Inter-Governmental Consultations on Migration, Asylum and Refugees (IGC); Migration Dialogue for East African Community; Migration Dialogue for Southern Africa (MIDSA); Migration Dialogue for West Africa (MIDWA); Pacific Immigration Development Community (PIDC); Prague Process; Regional Conference on Migration (RCM); Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa (RMFM); and South American Conference on Migration (SACM).

60 % of ISCMs that completed the survey (which is 31% of ISCMs approached for the survey) have contributed to the GCM Regional Reviews⁴. The most frequent forms of contribution to the GCM reviews were (i) participation by ISCMs in the GCM regional review event/conference; (ii) written ISCM input following the [Indicative Outline for Regional Processes, Platforms, Organizations and Stakeholders](#); (iii) other written input like submission of stocktaking of ISCM effective practices; and (iii) dedicated ISCM event on the GCM reviews.

10 ISCMs (67 % of those who participated in the survey and 37% of active ISCMs) indicated that they consider contributing to the IMRF.⁵ Four ISCMs (27% of those who participated in the survey) were undecided and only 1 ISCM stated that it would not contribute to the IMRF. ISCMs consider the following formats of contribution to the IMRF: (i) participation of the ISCM Chair and / or ISCM Secretariat Head in the IMRF; (ii) dedicated ISCM meeting on IMRF and submission to the IMRF of its outcome document; (iii) submission to the IMRF of stocktaking of ISCM effective practices; and (iv) participation in side-events or organization of side-events on the margins of the IMRF. The most recurrent GCM objectives addressed by ISCMs are Objectives 23 (cooperation and partnerships) [12 ISCMs], 10 (counter-trafficking) [9 ISCMs], 11 (border management) [9 ISCMs]; 8 (skills) [8 ISCMs]; 1 (data) [8 ISCMs]; and 9 (counter-smuggling) [8 ISCMs]. ISCMs reported that they have strived to incorporate into their work all GCM guiding principles. The survey revealed a wealth of ISCM effective practices relevant for the GCM (see Annex). The most frequent challenges encountered by ISCMs in GCM implementation are lack of reliable and disaggregated data, lack of funding and capacity, the fact that not all Member States of the given ISCM have endorsed the GCM, and the Covid pandemic.

Complementary documents:

Survey Summary Fact Sheet
Compendium of Effective ISCM Practices relevant for the IMRF and Important updates on regional, cross-regional or international migration governance related to or resulting from the work ISCMs
[Survey Questionnaire](#)

³ In addition to currently active ISCMs and emerging ISCMs, some dormant ISCMs were approached as well.

⁴ ARCP, AU HoAI, MIDEAC, MIDSA, MIDWA, PIDC, RCM, RMFM, and SACM.

⁵ ARCP, GFMD, MIDEAC, MIDSA, MIDWA, PIDC, Prague Process, RCM, RMFM, and SACM.

Survey Summary Fact Sheet

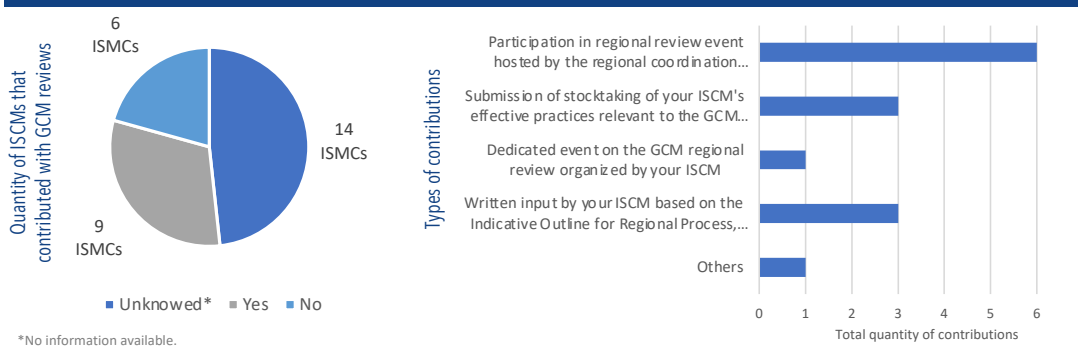


Inter-State consultation mechanism (ISCM) inputs to the International Migration Review Forum Survey summary - 2021

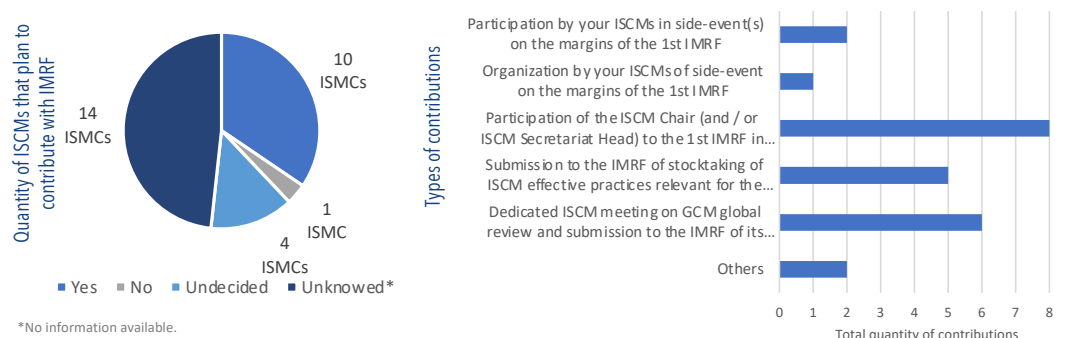
ISCM inputs from

- African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI)
- Almaty Process on Refugee Protection and International Migration
- Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration and Refugee Affairs (ARCP)
- Budapest Process
- Caribbean Migration Consultations (CMC)
- Global Forum on Migration and Development (GFMD)
- Inter-Governmental Consultations on Migration, Asylum and Refugees (IGC)
- Migration Dialogue for East African Community (MIDEAC)
- Migration Dialogue for Southern Africa (MIDSA)
- Migration Dialogue for West Africa (MIDWA)
- Pacific Immigration Development Community (PIDC)
- Prague Process
- Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)
- Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa (RMFM)
- South American Conference on Migration (SACM)

Contributions from ISCMs to the GCM regional reviews



Contributions from ISCMs to the First International Migration Review Forum (IMRF)



GCM objectives prioritized by the ISCMs

#23	Strengthen international cooperation and global partnerships for safe, orderly and regular migration.
#10	Prevent, combat and eradicate trafficking in persons in the context of international migration
#9	Strengthen the transnational response to smuggling of migrants
#6	Facilitate fair and ethical recruitment and safeguard conditions that ensure decent work
#11	Manage borders in an integrated, secure and coordinated manner

Challenges detected

COVID-19 pandemic and disruption of work on the implementation of the GCM
Data on migration
Implementation and commitment
Funding and resources capacity



Main updates on regional, cross-regional or international migration governance (2019-2021)

RMFM	Common approach in development to enhance protection of migrant workers: adoption and implementation of bilateral and multilateral labour migration agreement (BLMA) within and from African with destination countries (with ILO and IGADA support).
ARCP	Through a survey undertaken by ARCP secretariat (May 2021), Member States reported that the ARCP had an impact/contribution to the development of their work in migration and refugee affairs, particularly in making policies, strategies and action plans, participating in international events, raising the efficiency and establishing partnerships.
MIDEAC	EAC Labour Migration policy, e-Immigration Policy and Refugee Policy.
RCM	Work Plan transformation: include a wider topics that are related to the 23 objectives of the GCM. New working groups for irregular migration, border management, labour migration, international protection and combat of trafficking and smuggling.
SACM	Good practices: 1) Recommendations on drafting guidelines for the care and protection of migrant women, girls and sex/gender diverse people in South America; 2) Complementary Recommendations for the Protection of Migrant Children and Adolescents in the Context of COVID-19.
Budapest Process	Contributions to finding regional responses and ways forward through exchange of information and alignment of approaches. Under the BP umbrella concrete projects were developed and implemented, these include two large EU funded projects that aimed at improving migration management and integrated border management in the Silk Routes region.
MIDSA	The MIDSA 2019 declaration resolved to set-up migration data hub and develop a Migration Data harmonization roadmap for member state. MIDSA recommended the development of Regional Migration policy framework to guide member states on national migration policy development.

Practices related to the development of the IMRF

AU HoAI	Strengthening collaboration and cooperation within the Initiative in dealing with human trafficking and migrant smuggling within and from the Horn of Africa.
Budapest Process	Set-up of a Reference Group (RG) to provide a red thread between meetings and develop opportunities for deepened engagement for the dialogue. Thus, the Reference Group is important for the BP in order to continue its focus on implementing the adopted Call for Action and to provide a means for relevant national stakeholders to share their perspectives, knowledge and best practices in a smaller and more focused setting.
RMFM	Promotion of: common policy responses to implement existing legal and policy frameworks, investing in institutional mechanisms and arrangements to support and facilitate labour mobility agreements, establishing or reinforcing existing labour market information systems within the region, identify the existing capacity and training needs in the area of labour migration statistics and data collection, enhance inter-state, intra and inter-regional cooperation for implementation of the AUC/IOM/ILO Joint Labour Migration Programs.
PIDC	Training Support is a priority for PIDC allowing the organisation to strengthen governance structures and legal frameworks into Members' operations.
SACM	Two main actions: 1) The implementation of a new working method based on the concept of thematic Networks; 2) The creation and launching of the Suramérica Abierta platform, financed by the IOM Development Fund, considered as a tool that can provide accurate and up-to-date information in real time on migration regulations in the context of the pandemic.
MIDEAC	Coordination of migration issues in view of the global, regional instruments on migration.
ARCP	Work on: raise the awareness of its Member States on the GCM and its implementation and follow up process; build the capacity of officials in relevant national bodies; provide a platform for exchanging information and best practices and prepare information notes to update Member States on the GCM and its review process on different levels. Member States are encouraged on many occasions and in many different ways to actively participate in the GCM review process on the national, regional and global levels.

Compendium of Effective ISCM Practices relevant for the IMRF and Important updates on regional, cross-regional or international migration governance related to or resulting from the work ISCMs

Effective ISCM practices relevant for the IMRF

African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI)

Strengthening collaboration and cooperation within the Initiative in dealing with human trafficking and migrant smuggling within and from the Horn of Africa.

Almaty Process on Refugee Protection and International Migration

Not all Almaty Process Member States are part of the Global Compact for Migration. Some Member States supported putting GCM on the Almaty Process agenda. Member States supported a role for the Almaty Process in the implementation of the GCM.

Suggestions of member States on the Development Strategy of Almaty Process in order to implement the GCM. According to these suggestions, the migration policy of AP member States should be based on the following principles:

- respect and protection of the rights of migrants, non-discrimination on the basis of race, nationality, language, origin, religion, political beliefs, membership of a certain social group.
- ensuring compliance with the provisions of laws regulating migration processes and international obligations.
- combining the interests of the individual and the state, combining the efforts of all branches of government and public associations.
- ensuring the rights and legitimate interests of the local population and migrants.
- strengthening mutually beneficial international cooperation at both regional and global levels.

Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration and Refugee Affairs (ARCP)

The ARCP works on regular basis to: raise the awareness of its Member States on the GCM and its implementation and follow up process; build the capacity of officials in relevant national bodies; provide a platform for exchanging information and best practices and prepare information notes to update Member States on the GCM and its review process on different levels. Member States are encouraged on many occasions and in many different ways to actively participate in the GCM review process on the national, regional and global levels.

Budapest Process (BP)

Reference Group (RG) to provide a red thread between meetings and develop opportunities for deepened engagement for the dialogue. BP is making use its network and its well established cooperation frameworks to bring the right parties around the table to discuss the future of migration within and from the Silk Routes region. Each meeting of the RG comprises of almost 15 countries represented by their relevant public servants as well as representatives of the European Commission. With each meeting there has been a positive progression towards developing meaningful project proposals that suit the needs of the BP's participating countries. Moreover, the RG has proved to be a good platform for BP countries to address policy level issues affecting the Whole-of-the-Silk Routes as well as form consensus on and address emerging issues such as the recent situation in Afghanistan. Thus, the Reference Group is important for the BP in order to continue its focus on implementing the adopted Call for Action and to provide a means for relevant national stakeholders to share their perspectives, knowledge and best practices in a smaller and more focused setting.

Migration Dialogue for East African Community (MIDEAC)

Coordination of migration issues in view of the global, regional instruments on migration.

Migration Dialogue for West Africa (MIDWA)

Consultation and exchanges.

Migration Dialogue for Southern Africa (MIDSA)

Producing declaration statement that is shared with SADC in implementing GCM action plan for Africa.

Pacific Immigration Development Community (PIDC)

- i. Training Support is a priority for PIDC allowing the organization to strengthen governance structures and legal frameworks into Members' operations. The PIDC plays a lead role in coordinating the delivery of immigration and border control related training programmes in the Pacific and works closely with a number of Donors and partner agencies. Members continue to place a high priority on training programmes provided through PIDC and in 2020 PIDC undertook a Training Needs Analysis (TNA) for its members.
- ii. Support to regional technical immigration trainings provided by Australia Border Force's International Border Cooperation Programme and New Zealand Immigration's Hakili Matagi Programme.
- iii. Support to trainings provided by the Bali Process, the Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), IOM and United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC).

iv. Trainings on:

- Strategic planning
- Data collection
- Standard Operating Procedures
- Human Trafficking and People Smuggling, and
- Law enforcement intelligence and information sharing.

v. Development of Postgraduate Diploma in Border Security in partnership with the University of the South Pacific. Launched in 2020 it provides an immigration focused academic programme to specifically meet the needs of the region. The programme was developed to build an affordable accredited fully online education training package to Pacific Islands Countries and Territories (PICTs) to (i) strengthen professional and intellectual capacity of PICTs' Border Security personnel to allow for critical thinking about border security; (ii) develop PIDC officers' ability to function within a regional border security and management context; (iii) build a body of knowledge to enhance critical thinking and analysis regarding common migration issues facing the region; and (iv) foster knowledge transference to facilitate border security practices informed by understanding of local, regional and international theories, philosophies and principles.

Academic scholarship for PIDC Officers from across the region to undertake these studies has funded over 30 immigration officers including a first cohort that has since completed the Postgraduate Diploma in 2021. For the first two trimesters in 2020 an average of 60 students from across the region were enrolled.

vi. PIDC Model Training Curriculum. In response to the findings of a 2020 Training Needs Analysis undertaken with the PIDC Membership, in 2021 the PIDC Secretariat developed a regional model immigration introductory training curriculum with training modules based on regional and international best practices and tailored for Pacific Island States for Members to adapt as appropriate. Endorsed by PIDC Members in June 2021 the PIDC Secretariat is in the process of providing technical assistance to strengthen the training curriculums for its memberships beginning with three countries in 2021 and 2022. For the smaller island states, the intermediate and advanced training will continue to be coordinated through the PIDC Secretariat and sourced from partner organizations such as the larger PIDC Members and partner organizations such as UNODC, UNHCR and IOM. The PIDC introductory training curriculum and training modules are in the following priority areas:

- Basics of Border Control
- Migration and Border Management
- Traveler Assessment Process
- Document Inspection; and
- Role of Information.

Prague Process

www.pragueprocess.eu

Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa (RMFM)

i. A common approach in the development, adoption and implementation of bilateral and multilateral labour migration agreements (BLMAs), within and from Africa with destination countries. This will enhance protection of migrant workers from the region.

ii. Promote common policy responses to implement existing legal and policy frameworks; formulate new policy responses where protection gaps have been identified and involve multilateral stakeholders and development partners to improve the human and labour rights protection of migrant workers in countries of origin, transit and countries of destination.

iii. Investing in institutional mechanisms and arrangements by establishing appropriate institutional, inter-institutional, and cross-border institutional mechanisms and arrangements to support and facilitate labour mobility agreements which incorporate reference to health and wellbeing of migrants during all phases of migration.

iv. Establishing or reinforcing existing labour market information systems within the region, identify labour market needs for migrant workers and strengthen the capacity of labour market institutions on labour migration.

v. Identify and evaluate the existing capacity and training needs in the area of labour migration statistics, data collection and management; and introduce harmonised standards and tools for data collection, analysis and monitoring on international labour migration in region to encourage quantitative and qualitative research on labour migration and its inter-correlated issues and facilitate evidence-based labour migration policy making.

vi. Enhance inter-state, intra and inter-regional cooperation for implementation of the AUC/IOM/ILO Joint Labour Migration Programs.

vii. Governments to support the overall strengthening of social security and welfare institutions in Member States in order to extend social security to migrant workers, promoting in particular the mainstreaming of gender and disability issues, induced mental health and psychosocial issues through access and portability regimes compatible with international standards and good practice.

Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)

i. The active participation of the RCM on the meetings in April 8 2021

ii. The workshop that is going to be held between the IOM and the RCM on September 2021.

South American Conference on Migration (SACM)

- i. The implementation of a new working method based on the concept of thematic Networks, with the aim of updating the SACM agenda, facilitating the orderly follow-up of the topics dealt with, validating and giving continuity to them in the successive Presidencies Pro Tempore. In line with this, the thematic Networks created by SACM are as follows:
 - a) Network on Border Management
 - b) Network on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants
 - c) Network on Migrant Children and Adolescents
 - d) Network on Environment, Climate Change, Disasters and Migration
 - e) Network on Gender and Migration
 - f) Network on Social and Labour Integration: Work and Education.
- ii. The creation and launching of the Suramérica Abierta platform, financed by the IOM Development Fund, considered as a tool that can provide accurate and up-to-date information in real time on migration regulations in the context of the health care measures that countries must currently adopt due to public health considerations. In addition, it stated that work is being done for the forthcoming release of the Suramérica Abierta mobile application, and the effectiveness of this platform will be assessed so that the aforementioned project can continue over time, evaluating its multiple uses.

Important updates on regional, cross-regional or international migration governance related to or resulting from the work ISCMs (since 2019)

Almaty Process

The Development Strategy document on the priorities of Central Asia region and beyond.
Continued forum for Almaty Process Member States to discuss migration laws, practices and policies.
Thematic expert meetings, webinars and other meetings on regional migration governance as per 2021-2022 calendar of activities.

ARCP

In a survey undertaken by ARCP secretariat in May 2021, ARCP Member States reported that the ARCP had an impact/contribution to the development of their work in migration and refugee affairs; particularly in making policies, strategies and action plans, participating in international events and forums related to migration and refugee affairs, raising the efficiency of Member States' officials and establishing partnerships.

Budapest Process

Contribution to finding regional responses and ways forward through exchange of information and alignment of approaches.
Concrete policy developments in the Silk Routes Region:
Intergovernmental working groups
Multi-faceted training and workshops. Improvement of training structures; pilot trainings. Training manual on trafficking in persons and smuggling of migrants elaborated for officials of the Federal Investigation Agency (FIA) of Pakistan and later adapted also for Afghanistan and Iraq.
Support to the Ministry of Refugees and Repatriation of Afghanistan to develop a Comprehensive Migration Policy (CMP) to address issues related to mixed migration flows.
A pre-departure system for overseas employment to support the Afghani Ministry of Labour and Social Affairs.
Elaboration of National Emigration and Welfare Policy for Overseas Pakistanis has been submitted to the government for approval.
Support to operationalise existing structures for better reintegration, such as the Facilitation and Reintegration Centre of the Overseas Pakistanis Foundation and its Community Welfare Attachés.
Advanced draft National Policy for Engagement with Iraqis Abroad is heading towards implementation.
Capacity-building in Bangladesh to develop guidelines and procedures on crisis management and diaspora engagement and ensure protection of migrants throughout emergencies in their host countries.
Concrete projects in support of the Budapest Process: including two large, EU-funded ICMPD projects aimed at improving migration management and integrated border management in the Silk Routes region. Outcomes of these projects include: establishment of comprehensive and meaningful inter-regional/national law enforcement cooperation, field-based assistance aimed at helping fragile communities in building resilience and better responses to migration push factors, and awareness raising mechanisms – Migrant Resource Centres (MRCs) established throughout the Silk Routes region (with the support of EU, Switzerland, Germany and Norway and others).

MIDEAC

Draft EAC Labour Migration policy, e-Immigration Policy and Refugee Policy.
Visa free entry for all citizens and Issuance of EAC e-Passports to Citizens of the EAC Community.

MIDSA

The MIDSA 2019 declaration resolved to set-up migration data hub and develop a Migration Data harmonization roadmap for member state.

MIDSA recommended the development of Regional Migration policy framework to guide member states on national migration policy development.
The SADC MPRF is on its final stages.

PIDC

Continued strengthening of collaboration and coordination among Members and partner organisations to address regional immigration priorities.

Primary regional entity coordinating immigration enforcement activities for the Pacific Islands Region.

Advanced or developed a number of regional immigration agreements and participated in several regional forums to support coordinated responses to security, climate change, transnational crime and COVID-19.

Annual meetings to develop collective responses to joint immigration issues prioritized by Members primarily in the areas of border security and enforcement. Since January 2020 a significant amount of this work has been around supporting Pacific Immigration Agencies to respond to COVID-19 in terms of border closures, quarantine and management of repatriation flights.

Two key forums the PIDC has participated in include: (a) Regional Law Enforcement Declaration of Partnership; and (b) the Pacific Islands Forum Officials Sub-Committee on Regional Security (FSRS).

PIDC Regional Immigration Modernisation Toolbox was expended to provide additional resources containing regional best practices to promote standardised approaches where possible in response to priority immigration issues

Developed a number of regional resources that represent regional best practice and international standards for Members to adapt as appropriate to their national circumstances. These resources have been used by PIDC to provide technical assistance to Members to strengthen national immigration capability. Regional resources developed include:

- PIDC Model National Immigration Strategic and Operational Framework (Developed in 2020/ 2021)
- PIDC Regional Immigration Policy Framework (Developed 2020/ 2021)
- PIDC Regional Model Immigration Legislation Framework (Developed in 2011 and additional updates provided in 2017, 2019 and 2020)
- PIDC Regional Model Standard Operating Procedures (Revised in 2019 and 2021)
- PIDC Regional Model Immigration Training Curriculum and Training Modules (Developed in 2021)
- PIDC Regional Model Immigration Primary Line Best Practices (Developed in 2021)
- PIDC Regional Model Code of Ethics for Immigration Officers (Revised in 2019)

In-country technical assistance to strengthen Members capability in priority immigration areas.

Technical assistance and training support to Members (i) to strengthen immigration capacity in priority areas such as legislation modernization, standard operating procedures and the development of an Immigration designed Code of Ethics (ii) capacity building opportunities for members with partner organisations to provide training in areas such as leadership, academic immigration study, strategic planning, information sharing, document examination and facial recognition; (iii) support in developing and strengthening Member States' national training curriculums for domestic capacity building programmes.

Technical Support Programmes provided include:

- PIDC Immigration Legislation Review and Modernisation Programme (In- country TA)
- Standard Operating Procedures Technical Support Programme (In- country TA)
- Development of Postgraduate Diploma in Border Security
- PIDC Model Training Curriculum

Regional frameworks, agreements and programmes to strengthen border management processes, information sharing for border enforcement purposes, and national and regional responses to COVID-19

Endorsed several regional frameworks to coordinate collective responses to common issues shared by the Members especially in the areas of Human Trafficking, People Smuggling, and information sharing for enforcement purposes.

RCM

RCM Work Plan includes new, wider topics that are related to the 23 objectives of the GCM. New working groups were created to address current challenges in the region, such as the irregular migration, border management, labour migration, and in addition to traditional RCM thematic focus (such as international protection and combat of trafficking and smuggling).

RMFM

A common approach in development, adoption and implementation of bilateral and multilateral labour migration agreement (BLMA) within and from African with destination countries (with ILO and IGADA).

Establishing or reinforcing existing labour market information system (IOM "Enhancing capacities on labour migration data collection, analysis and sharing to support labour migration governance in East and Horn of Africa" Regional Project).

SACM

[Recommendations on drafting guidelines for the care and protection of migrant women, girls and sex/gender diverse people in South America](#)

[Complementary Recommendations for the Protection of Migrant Children and Adolescents in the Context of COVID-19](#)

ISCM contributions to the GCM Regional reviews

60 % of the ISCMs who responded to the survey have contributed to the GCM Regional Reviews. They include Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration and Refugees (ARCP), African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI), Migration Dialogue for East African Community (MIDEAC), Migration Dialogue for Southern Africa (MIDSA), Migration Dialogue for West Africa (MIDWA), Pacific Immigration Development Community (PIDC), Regional Conference on Migration (RCM), Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa (RMFM), and South America Conference on Migration (SACM). Whereas Almaty Process, Budapest Process, Caribbean Migration Consultations (CMC), Global Forum on Migration and Development (GFMD), IGC, and Prague Process did not formally participate in the GCM regional reviews.

ISCMs used different formats for their contribution.

Formal ISCM report on the GCM reviews: Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration and Refugees (ARCP) formally submitted its own review report to the Arab Regional GCM Review ([ARCP GCM Regional Review Report](#)). This report is included as a stakeholder input in the [Arab Regional GCM Review](#).

Submission of stocktaking of ISCM effective practices: the African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI); the Pacific Immigration Development Community (PIDC); the Regional Conference on Migration ([RCM](#)) and the South America Conference on Migration ([SACM](#)) have each submitted stocktaking of their effective practices to the GCM Reviews in their respective regions – RCM and SACM have contributed to voluntary questionnaires to review of the state of the GCM implementation among subregional processes, platforms and organizations, regional and interregional, and relevant stakeholders who act at the regional level.⁶

ISCM events on the GCM reviews: the Migration Dialogue for West Africa (MIDWA) has organized a MIDWA event on the GCM regional review.

Participation in the GCM regional review conference and other events on the GCM reviews: MIDSA, SACM, the Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa (RMFM) participated in the GCM regional review events. Many ISCMs participated in the [High-level webinar on ISCMs and the GCM regional reviews](#) organized by IOM in September 2020⁷. A [Dialogue with Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms for the preparation of the GCM Regional Review Conference in the Arab region](#) was organized in early 2021⁸. A Consultation with regional consultative processes, platforms and organizations in Latin America and the Caribbean was organized in April 2021.

Intra-regional coordination: The Migration Dialogue for Southern Africa (MIDSA) facilitated intra-regional coordination within the SADC Region.

All these contributions have been valuable for the GCM regional reviews and can serve as sources of knowledge and practice for interested ISCMs and guide their participation in the IMRF, as opportunity to demonstrate their achievements and bring their regional voice to the global level.

⁶ The Ibero-American Network of Migration Authorities ([RIAM](#)) also [contributed](#) to the voluntary questionnaire, although it did not respond to this survey on IMRF.

⁷ The High-level webinar brought together representatives of 19 ISCMs.

⁸ Brought together 7 ISCMs engaged in that region (ARCP, AU HOAI, Bali Process, Khartoum Process, Rabat Process, MIDCOM, Pan-African Forum on Migration).

Survey Questionnaire

International Organization for Migration (IOM)
International Partnerships Division (IPD)

Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on migration (ISCM) input to the International Migration Review Forum (IMRF)

Questionnaire on ISCM's inputs to the International Migration Review Forum

The UN General Assembly (UN GA) [Resolution A/RES/73/195](#) "**Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration**" (**GCM Resolution**) of 19 December 2018 invites the [regional consultative processes on migration](#) (RCP) and other [inter-State consultation mechanisms on migration](#) (ISCM) to contribute to the GCM follow-up and review, in particular by contributing to the International Migration Review Forum (IMRF).

The **Global compact for safe, orderly and regular migration** (GCM) is a State-led effort to elaborate a comprehensive international cooperation framework on migrants and human mobility by setting out a range of principles, commitments and understandings among UN Member States regarding international migration in all its dimensions. The **International Migration Review Forum (IMRF)** is the primary intergovernmental global platform for UN Members States to discuss and share progress on the implementation of all aspects of the GCM. The IMRF will convene every four years, starting in 2022.

Article 50 of the [GCM Resolution](#) and Article 10 of the [IMRF Resolution](#) (UN GA Resolution A/RES/73/326 "Format and organizational aspects of the international migration review forums" of 19 July 2019) invite all relevant "sub-regional, regional and cross-regional processes, platforms" to contribute to the GCM reviews at the regional and at the global level (in this case through the IMRF). Specifically, the IMRF resolution calls on ISCMs (in the words of the resolution "sub-regional, regional and cross-regional processes, platforms" and "regional consultative processes on migration and others") to review the GCM implementation within their regions and to contribute to the IMRF "by providing relevant data, evidence, best practices, innovative approaches and recommendations as they relate to the implementation of the Global Compact".

To facilitate the collection of ISCM inputs, as per previous practice as in the case of the [survey](#) undertaken during the development of the GCM itself, the International Partnerships Division (IPD) in the **International Organization for Migration (IOM)** is launching a survey addressed to the Chairs and Secretariats of all those ISCM which plan to contribute to the IMRF. The combined feedback from the compiled questionnaires will be submitted through the UN Network on Migration to the UN General Assembly as the collective ISCM contribution to the IMRF, in addition to all their other inputs provided bilaterally or through participation to the reviews.

Please note that in the questionnaire the acronym "ISCM" is used to indicate regional consultative processes on migration (RCP), interregional forums on migration (IRF) and global processes on migration.

Please provide your feedback to the questions below by 20 September 2021.

We kindly request one completed questionnaire per ISCM, which is coordinated among the ISCM (Co-)Chair(s) and (Co-)Secretariats.

Thank you.

* Required

Section 1.

Contribution to GCM Regional Reviews

This section is about the GCM regional reviews in 2020-2021.

*Questions marked by an Asterix must be answered in order to complete the questionnaire.

1. Please indicate which Inter-State consultation mechanism on migration (ISCM) you represent in responding to this questionnaire. Please note that Chairs, Co-Chairs and Heads of Secretariat are expected to combine their feedback and reflect it in completing one single questionnaire only.

(Only one questionnaire will be accepted per ISCM)

	5+5 Dialogue on Migration in the Western Mediterranean
	African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI)
	Almaty Process on Refugee Protection and International Migration
	Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration and Refugee Affairs (ARCP)
	Bali Process on People Smuggling, Trafficking in Persons and Related Transnational Crime
	Budapest Process
	Caribbean Migration Consultations (CMC)
	Central American Commission of Migration Directors (OCAM)
	EU-Horn of Africa Migration Route Initiative (Khartoum Process)
	Euro-African Dialogue on Migration and Development (Rabat Process)
	Global Forum on Migration and Development (GFMD)
	Ibero-American Network of Migration Authorities (RIAM)
	Inter-Governmental Consultations on Migration, Asylum and Refugees (IGC)
	International Technical Meeting on Human Mobility of Venezuelan Citizens in the Region (Quito Process)
	Migration Dialogue for East African Community
	Migration Dialogue for Intergovernmental Authority on Development (IGAD) Region (MID-IGAD or IGAD-RCP)
	Migration Dialogue for Southern Africa (MIDSA)
	Migration Dialogue for the Indian Ocean Commission Countries (MiDIOCC)
	Migration Dialogue for West Africa (MIDWA)
	Migration Dialogue from the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa Member States (MIDCOM)
	Ministerial Consultation on Overseas Employment and Contractual Labour for Countries of Origin and Destination in Asia (Abu Dhabi Dialogue)
	Organization of African, Caribbean and Pacific States (OACPS) –EU Dialogue on Migration (ACP-EU MD)
	Pacific Immigration Development Community (PIDC)
	Pan-African Forum on migration (PAFoM)
	Prague Process
	Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)
	Regional Consultative Process on Overseas Employment and Contractual Labour for Countries of Origin in Asia (Colombo Process)
	Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa
	South American Conference on Migration (SACM)

2. What is your role in the ISCM?

	Chair (or Co-Chair)
	Secretariat Head (or Co-Head of Secretariat)
	Representative of the Chair
	Representative of the Secretariat

3. Name and surname of the official completing the survey _____

4. Institution of the official completing the survey _____

5. Position of the official completing the survey _____

Section 2

Contribution to GCM Regional Reviews

This section is about the GCM regional reviews in 2020-2021.

**Questions marked by an Asterix must be answered in order to complete the questionnaire.*

6. Has your ISCM contributed to the GCM regional reviews?

	Yes
	No

7. If yes, in what format?

(Multiple selection is possible in answers, where relevant)

	Written input by your ISCM based on the Indicative Outline for Regional Process, Platforms, Organizations, and Stakeholders
	Dedicated event on the GCM regional review organized by your ISCM
	Submission of stocktaking of your ISCM's effective practices relevant to the GCM objectives or principles
	Participation in regional review event hosted by the regional coordination mechanisms
	Other: _____

8. If applicable, please indicate the title of the GCM regional review event your ISCM has contributed to (and corresponding hyperlink); and/or your ISCM's written submission already formulated (and corresponding hyperlink). In case no hyperlinks are available, please share relevant attachments (e.g. your ISCM's inputs to the GCM regional review) by forwarding them to grcp@iom.int email address.

Section 3

Contribution to IMRF

This section is about the IMRF in 2022.

**Questions marked by an Asterix must be answered in order to complete the questionnaire.*

9. Does your ISCM plan to contribute to the global-level review of the GCM - the IMRF?

	Yes
	No
	Undecided

10. If yes, in what format?

	Dedicated ISCM meeting on GCM global review and submission to the IMRF of its outcome document
	Submission to the IMRF of stocktaking of ISCM effective practices relevant for the GCM objectives or principles
	Participation of the ISCM Chair (and / or ISCM Secretariat Head) to the 1st IMRF in 2022
	Organization by your ISCMs of side-event on the margins of the 1st IMRF
	Participation by your ISCMs in side-event(s) on the margins of the 1st IMRF
	Other: _____

11. If your ISCM plan to organize or participate in side-event on the margins of the 1st IMRF, please specify the name of the side event, if already known.

12. Please indicate any important updates on regional, cross-regional or international migration governance, such as policies, practices or legislation formulated within the region of your ISCM and related to or resulting from the work of your ISCM, which have occurred since 2019 to-date, and which are of relevance also at the global level and to the IMRF.

13. Which GCM Objectives has the work of your ISCM contributed to (directly or indirectly) and how?
(Please see the list of GCM objectives at the bottom of this questionnaire)

14. Has your ISCM integrated into its work the cross-cutting and interdependent GCM guiding principles? If yes, how?

(Please see the list of GCM cross-cutting guiding principles at the bottom of this questionnaire)

15. Please indicate any important practices by your ISCM which can be relevant also to the GCM global level review - the IMRF.

16. Please indicate any gaps or challenges faced by your ISCM in GCM implementation and/or review.

17. Please list, provide a link or send attachments to the email address grcp@iom.int of any document related to the GCM which have been issued by your ISCM that you wish to include in the collective ISCM input to the IMRF.

18. This is not a question, and there is no need to complete this question. This is the List of Objectives and Principles of the GCM as per Resolution 73/195 provided for your easy reference.

GCM Objectives

- (1) Collect and utilize accurate and disaggregated data as a basis for evidence-based policies
- (2) Minimize the adverse drivers and structural factors that compel people to leave their country of origin
- (3) Provide accurate and timely information at all stages of migration
- (4) Ensure that all migrants have proof of legal identity and adequate documentation
- (5) Enhance availability and flexibility of pathways for regular migration
- (6) Facilitate fair and ethical recruitment and safeguard conditions that ensure decent work
- (7) Address and reduce vulnerabilities in migration
- (8) Save lives and establish coordinated international efforts on missing migrants
- (9) Strengthen the transnational response to smuggling of migrants
- (10) Prevent, combat and eradicate trafficking in persons in the context of international migration
- (11) Manage borders in an integrated, secure and coordinated manner
- (12) Strengthen certainty and predictability in migration procedures for appropriate screening, assessment and referral
- (13) Use migration detention only as a measure of last resort and work towards alternatives
- (14) Enhance consular protection, assistance and cooperation throughout the migration cycle
- (15) Provide access to basic services for migrants
- (16) Empower migrants and societies to realize full inclusion and social cohesion
- (17) Eliminate all forms of discrimination and promote evidence-based public discourse to shape perceptions of migration
- (18) Invest in skills development and facilitate mutual recognition of skills, qualifications and competences
- (19) Create conditions for migrants and diasporas to fully contribute to sustainable development in all countries
- (20) Promote faster, safer and cheaper transfer of remittances and foster financial inclusion of migrants
- (21) Cooperate in facilitating safe and dignified return and readmission, as well as sustainable reintegration
- (22) Establish mechanisms or the portability of social security entitlements and earned benefits
- (23) Strengthen international cooperation and global partnerships for safe, orderly and regular migration.

Cross-cutting and interdependent guiding principles of the GCM

- (a) People-centred.
- (b) International cooperation.
- (c) National sovereignty.
- (d) Rule of law and due process.
- (e) Sustainable development.
- (f) Human rights.
- (g) Gender-responsive.
- (h) Child-sensitive.
- (i) Whole-of-government approach.
- (j) Whole-of-society approach.

ANNEX II: GRCP 9 Background



Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration

The Meeting of Global and (Inter) Regional Consultative Processes on migration also known as the Global ISCM Meeting or GRCP is the global coordination and cooperation forum for the Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration and aims to:

- i. foster exchanges, information- and practice sharing among ISCMs;
- ii. contribute to improved policy coherence at the regional, interregional and global levels and promote convergence in migration policy across the regions;
- iii. shape joint ISCM approaches to various migration issues, including common ISCM approaches on emerging migration issues and on global initiatives addressing migration; and
- iv. strengthen collaboration among ISCMs, and enhance RCP and IRF interaction with global processes on migration, thus contributing to the regional-global continuum in policy dialogue on migration; and
- v. strengthen collaboration among the various ISCM secretariats.

GRCPs brings together the Chairs and Secretariats of the main ISCMs (RCPs, IRFs and global processes).

The First GRCP Meeting was organized in 2005, and hosted by [IOM](#) and the Global Commission on International Migration (GCIM) in Geneva, Switzerland. Since then, [IOM](#) has pursued the holding of GRCP Meetings on a regular basis, mostly biennially.

In the past Global ISCM Meetings or GRCP were referred to as “Global RCP Meeting” dating back to times when “RCP” was the only term used to denote all inter-State consultation mechanisms on migration be them regional, interregional or global. The terms “IRF”, “global process on migration” and “ISCM” were introduced later in order to capture the proliferation of consultative processes on migration and their evolution. New RCPs, IRFs as well as the global processes on migration (such as GFMD and UN HLD on International migration and development) were included in GRCP Meetings upon their establishment.

Each GRCP Meeting built on the outcomes of the previous GRCP Meetings.

The first two GRCP reviewed cooperation needs among ISCM and since then the scope of discussions in the GRCP Meetings has expanded to include collaboration on addressing the changing migration dynamics given their increasing complexity.

Thus, the outcome documents of 2013 GRCP included specific recommendations for consideration by the UN Secretary General and the UN General Assembly in the context of the 2013 High Level Dialogue

on International Migration and Development. This paved the way for the inclusion of migration in the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

Similarly, 2017 GRCP resulted in the formulation of joint actionable commitments by ISCMs and their partner organizations (UN Regional Commissions and regional economic organizations), which were taken into account in the global compact stocktaking phase and prompted the clauses on ISCM engagement in the global compact for migration.

Global ISCM Meetings are intended to bring together the ISCM Chairs-in-office and the Heads of ISCM Secretariats: therefore, GRCP are private meetings. Depending on Meeting's theme, participation can be expanded on an ad hoc basis to ISCM regional partners, such as political and economic unions, or UN Regional Commissions.

IOM is the convener, coordinator and technical secretariat for the GRCP Meetings.

Technical Secretariat of Global ISCM Meetings (GRCP Secretariat)

International Partnerships Division (IPD)

[IOM Headquarters](#)

E-mail: grcp@iom.int

ANNEX III: GRCP 9 Description



International Organization for Migration (IOM)
The UN Migration Agency



International Migration Review Forum: an Opportunity for Inter-State Consultations Mechanisms on Migration to Contribute to the Global Governance of Migration

Ninth Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration (GRCP 9)

10-11 November 2021, virtual by Zoom

The 9th Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration (GRCP 9) will provide a forum for inter-State consultations mechanisms on migration (ISCMs) – including regional consultative processes on migration (RCP), interregional forums on migration (IRF) and global processes on migration – to suggest their recommendations on their role in the International Migration Review Forum (IMRF) that can be submitted to the IMRF conference together with the GRCP meeting report and the summary of the survey of ISCMs on IMRF conducted by IOM.

As important actors of migration governance, Inter-State consultation mechanisms on migration are invited in the IMRF Resolution to contribute to the IMRF by providing relevant data, evidence, best practices, innovative approaches and recommendations.

ISCM contribution to the GCM is a regional, collective input by the ISCM as a whole, and focuses on the work of the given ISCM as an entity and not on the engagement in the GCM of the ISCM member States. ISCM review of the GCM is not a cumulative of the review of its member States and is independent of national GCM reviews.

ISCMs are encouraged to address the IMRF at their events and prepare updates on their work as ISCM that already contributes to migration governance and thus is a contribution also to the GCM as the comprehensive international cooperation framework on migrants and human mobility.

ISCMs may contribute to the GCM in different forms: (i) ISCM event on global review of the GCM and submission of the outcome documents of this meeting to the IMRF conference; (ii) Submission of a written compilation of effective practices and partnership models by the ISCM relevant for the GCM objectives and principles; (iii) participation in the IMRF Conference as ISCM; (iv) side event at the IMRF conference, etc. ISCMs may also contribute jointly with other ISCMs or organisations, e.g. joint events in IMRF, joint submissions or joint side-events.

ISCMs can choose from a variety of types of inputs that can be submitted directly or indirectly or a combination of such inputs. These inputs should be possible to be compiled with minimum resources and time, but will constitute a big relevance for the IMRF and for reconfirming the ISCMs' central role in regional, interregional and global governance of migration.

The GRCP is a process that starts with a survey of ISCMs' interested in the IMRF and concludes with the submission of the findings of the survey and the GRCP Report to the IMRF conference as a collective ISCM input.

GRCP Meeting Objective: to discuss possible contributions by interested ISCMs to the IMRF - the global-level review of the Global Compact for Migration (GCM).

Guiding questions for discussion

- ⇒ *How can the IMRF contribute to migration governance within your respective regions?*
- ⇒ *What are main trends, challenges, gaps, that you would like to see addresses in the IMRF Policy Debate and at the IMRF Roundtables?*
- ⇒ *What are effective practices and innovative approaches you would like to bring to the attention of the IMRF?*
- ⇒ *How does your ISCM intend to contribute to the IMRF (e.g., dedicated ISCM meeting/event; ISCM written input; participation in the IMRF conference; hosting a side-event at the IMRF conference, etc.)?*
- ⇒ *Has your ISCM dedicated resources to enable its engagement in the IMRF? What are the related challenges and needs (e.g., policy advice, capacity building, partnerships, etc.)?*

Official GRCP 9 website

<https://www.iom.int/2021-global-iscm-meeting>

- [GRCP Opening Remarks](#)
- [GRCP 9 Closing Remarks](#)
- GRCP 9 Discussion Session Rapporteur Reports

ANNEX IV: GRCP 9 Agenda



International Organization for Migration (IOM)
The UN Migration Agency



International Migration Review Forum: an Opportunity for Inter-State Consultations Mechanisms on Migration to Contribute to the Global Governance of Migration

Ninth Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration (GRCP 9)

Agenda

10-11 November 2021, virtual by Zoom

GENERAL OPENING SESSION, 10 November 2021, 15:00 –16:00 Central European Time, by Zoom [*Interpretation will be arranged into English, French, and Spanish.*]

GENERAL OPENING SESSION, 10 November 2021, 15:00 –16:00 Central European Time, by Zoom [*Interpretation will be arranged into English, French and Spanish.*]

15:00-15:30	ZOOM REGISTRATION
15:30 – 15:45	STATEMENT OF WELCOME <i>H. E. Mr António Vitorino, Director General, International Organization for Migration (IOM)</i>
15:45—16:00	WALK-THROUGH THE AGENDA, HOUSEKEEPING RULES AND BACKGROUND <i>Ms Wen Li, Director for International Cooperation and Partnerships (ICP), International Organization for Migration (IOM)</i>

DEDICATED DISCUSSION SESSION 1, 10 November 2021, 16:00-17:30 Central European Time, by Zoom [*Interpretation will be arranged into English and Spanish.*]

Interactive discussion with participating ISCMs based in Western time zones: CMC; MIDCOM; MIDWA; OCAM; Prague Process; Quito Process; RCM; RIAM; RMFM; and SACM.

Objective: to discuss possible contributions by interested ISCMs to the IMRF - the global-level review of the Global Compact for Migration (GCM).

Guiding questions for discussion:

- ⇒ *How can the IMRF contribute to migration governance within your respective regions?*
- ⇒ *What are the main trends, challenges, gaps, that you would like to see addressed in the IMRF Policy Debate and at the IMRF Roundtables?*

- ⇒ What are effective practices and innovative approaches you would like to bring to the attention of the IMRF?
- ⇒ How does your ISCM intend to contribute to the IMRF (e.g., dedicated ISCM event; ISCM written input; participation in the IMRF conference; hosting a side-event at the IMRF conference, etc.)?
- ⇒ Has your ISCM dedicated resources to enable its engagement in the IMRF? What are the related challenges and needs (e.g., policy advice, capacity building, partnerships, etc.)?

16:00 –17:20	<p>DISCUSSION ON POSSIBLE ISCMs CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE IMRF, INCLUDING IMRF ROUNDTABLES ON GLOBAL COMPACT OBJECTIVES</p> <p><i>Discussion Session Facilitator: H.E. Mr Frank Tressler Zamorano, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Permanent Representative of Chile to the UN and International Organizations in Geneva, Chair of the South American Conference on Migration (SACM)</i></p> <p>Statements by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – <i>H.E. Mr Simon K. Chelugui, Cabinet Secretary, Ministry of Labour and Social Protection of Kenya, Chair of the Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa (RMFM)</i> – <i>H.E. Mr Frank Tressler Zamorano, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Permanent Representative of Chile to the UN and International Organizations in Geneva, Chair of the South American Conference on Migration (SACM)</i> – <i>Ms Rocío González, Head of the Migration Policy Unit, Registry and Identity of Persons, Ministry of the Interior of Mexico, for the Chair of the Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)</i> – <i>Mr Luis Alonso Serrano Echeverría, Head of Technical Secretariat of the Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)</i> – <i>Dr Tomáš Urubek, Head, Unit for International and European Affairs, Department for Asylum and Migration Policy, Ministry of the Interior of the Czech Republic, Prague Process Chair</i> – <i>Mr. Japhet Lishomw, Deputy Director General, Department of Immigration of Zambia, for the Chair of the Migration Dialogue from the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa Member States (MIDCOM)</i> – <i>written statement from Mr Ahmed Sharfeldin, Director General, Passports and Civil Registration corporation, Ministry of Interior of Sudan, Chair of the African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI)</i> – <i>Mr Stuard Rodríguez, Director General, Migration Institute from Guatemala, Chair of the Central American Commission of Migration Directors (OCAM)</i> – <i>Ms Alba Goycochea, Head of the Secretariat of the Ibero-American Network of Migration Authorities (RIAM) and Head of the Secretariat of the South American Conference on Migration (SACM)</i> – <i>Mr Enrique Patiño, Joint Communicator officer, Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), Co-Head of the Technical Secretariat of the Quito Process</i> – <i>Mr Robert Natiello, Regional Coordination Officer for the Caribbean and Chief of Mission in Guyana, IOM, Head of the Interim Secretariat of the Caribbean Migration Consultations (CMC)</i>
17:20 – 17:30	<p>CONCLUSIONS</p> <p><i>Discussion Session Rapporteur: Mr Luis Alonso Serrano Echeverría, Head of Technical Secretariat of the Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)</i></p>

DEDICATED DISCUSSION SESSION 2, 11 November 2021, 08:30-10:30 Central European Time, by Zoom [Interpretation will be arranged into English and French.]

Interactive discussion with participating ISCMs based in Eastern time zones: AU HoAI; ADD; Almaty Process; ARCP; Bali Process; Budapest Process; GFMD; Khartoum Process; IGC; MID-IGAD; MIDSA; PAFOM; and PIDC.

Objective: to discuss possible contributions by interested ISCMs to the IMRF - the global-level review of the Global Compact for Migration (GCM).

Guiding questions for discussion:

- ⇒ How can the IMRF contribute to migration governance within your respective regions?
- ⇒ What are the main trends, challenges, gaps, that you would like to see addressed in the IMRF Policy Debate and at the IMRF Roundtables?
- ⇒ What are effective practices and innovative approaches you would like to bring to the attention of the IMRF?
- ⇒ How does your ISCM intend to contribute to the IMRF (e.g., dedicated ISCM event; ISCM written input; participation in the IMRF conference; hosting a side-event at the IMRF conference, etc.)?
- ⇒ Has your ISCM dedicated resources to enable its engagement in the IMRF? What are the related challenges and needs (e.g., policy advice, capacity building, partnerships, etc.)?

08:30-09:00	ZOOM REGISTRATION
09:00 –10:20	<p>DISCUSSION ON POSSIBLE ISCMs CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE IMRF, INCLUDING IMRF ROUNDTABLES ON GLOBAL COMPACT OBJECTIVES</p> <p><i>Discussion Session Facilitator: Mr Rolliansyah Soemirat, Director for International Security and Disarmament, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Indonesia, for the Bali Process Co-Chair</i></p> <p>Statements by:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – video address by H. E. Ms Mariam Almansoura Alsadig Almahdi, Minister of Foreign Affairs of Sudan, Chair of the Migration Dialogue for Intergovernmental Authority on Development (IGAD) Region (MID-IGAD or IGAD-RCP) – Mr Ioane Alama, Head of the Pacific Immigration Development Community (PIDC) Secretariat – Ms Clare Gatehouse, Director, Human Trafficking and Modern Slavery, Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade of Australia, Co-Chair of the Bali Process – Mr Rolliansyah Soemirat, Director for International Security and Disarmament, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Indonesia, for the Bali Process Co-Chair – video address by H. E. Mr Christophe Leonzi, Ambassador on migration, Ministry of Europe and Foreign Affairs of France, Incoming Chair of the Global Forum on Migration and Development (GFMD) – H. E. Mr Abdulla Al-Nuaim, Assistant Undersecretary for International Relations, Ministry of Human Resources and Emiratisation of United Arab Emirates, Head of Abu Dhabi Dialogue Secretariat – Ms Lobna Azzam, Officer, Refugees, Expatriates and Migration Affairs Department, League of Arab States, for the Head of the Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration (ARCP) – Ms Sedef Dearing, Regional Coordinator Silk Routes, International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD), Head of Budapest Process Secretariat – Mr John Kabaghe, Acting Director Planning and Coordinator for Diaspora Affairs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Malawi, Chair of the Migration Dialogue for Southern Africa (MIDSA)
10:20 – 10:30	<p>CONCLUSIONS</p> <p><i>Discussion Session Rapporteur: Mr Ahmed Zanya Bugre, Senior Migrant Protection and Assistance Advisor, Department for Health, Humanitarian Affairs, and Social Development, African Union Commission, for the Co-Head of the African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI) Secretariat; Head of the Pan-African Forum on Migration (PAFOM) Secretariat; and Co-Head of EU-Horn of Africa Migration Route Initiative (Khartoum Process) Secretariat</i></p>

GENERAL CLOSING SESSION, 11 November 2021, 14:30 –15:45 Central European Time, by Zoom [Interpretation will be arranged into English, French and Spanish.]

14:30- 15:00	ZOOM REGISTRATION
15:00- 15:30	<p>PANEL ON DEDICATED DISCUSSION SESSIONS' CONCLUSIONS</p> <p><i>Moderator: Ms Wen Li, Director for International Cooperation and Partnerships (ICP), IOM</i></p> <p>- <i>Rapporteur for Discussion Session 1: Mr Luis Alonso Serrano Echeverría, Head of Technical Secretariat of the Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)</i></p> <p>- <i>Rapporteur for Discussion Session 2: Mr Ahmed Zanya Bugre, Senior Migrant Protection and Assistance Advisor, Department for Health, Humanitarian Affairs, and Social Development, African Union Commission, for the Co-Head of the African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI) Secretariat; Head of the Pan-African Forum on Migration (PAFOM) Secretariat; and Co-Head of EU-Horn of Africa Migration Route Initiative (Khartoum Process) Secretariat</i></p>
15:30 – 15:45	<p>CLOSING REMARKS</p> <p><i>Ms Wen Li, Director for International Cooperation and Partnerships (ICP), IOM</i></p>

ANNEX V: GRCP 9 List of Speakers



International Organization for Migration (IOM)
The UN Migration Agency



International Migration Review Forum: an Opportunity for Inter-State Consultations Mechanisms on Migration to Contribute to the Global Governance of Migration

Ninth Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration (GRCP 9)

10- 11 November 2021, virtual

List of Speakers (Alphabetical order)

Abdulla Al-Nuaim, Assistant Undersecretary for International Relations, Ministry of Human Resources and Emiratisation of United Arab Emirates, Head of Abu Dhabi Dialogue Secretariat

Ahmed Zanya Bugre, Senior Migrant Protection and Assistance Advisor, Department for Health, Humanitarian Affairs, and Social Development, African Union Commission, for the Co-Head of the African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI) Secretariat; Head of the Pan-African Forum on Migration (PAFOM) Secretariat; and Co-Head of EU-Horn of Africa Migration Route Initiative (Khartoum Process) Secretariat

Alba Goycochea, Head of the Secretariat of the Ibero-American Network of Migration Authorities (RIAM) and Head of the Secretariat of the South American Conference on Migration (SACM)

António Vitorino, Director General, International Organization for Migration (IOM)

Christophe Leonzi, Ambassador on migration, Ministry of Europe and Foreign Affairs of France, Incoming Chair of the Global Forum on Migration and Development (GFMD)

Clare Gatehouse, Director, Human Trafficking and Modern Slavery, Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade of Australia, Co-Chair of the Bali Process

Enrique Patiño, Joint Communicator officer, Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), Co-Head of the Technical Secretariat of the Quito Process

Frank Tressler Zamorano, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Permanent Representative of Chile to the UN and International Organizations in Geneva, Chair of the South American Conference on Migration (SACM)

Ioane Alama, Head of the Pacific Immigration Development Community (PIDC) Secretariat

John Kabaghe, Acting Director Planning and Coordinator for Diaspora Affairs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Malawi, Chair of the Migration Dialogue for Southern Africa (MIDSA)

Lobna Azzam, Officer, Refugees, Expatriates and Migration Affairs Department, League of Arab States, for the Head of the Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration (ARCP)

Luis Alonso Serrano Echeverría, Head of Technical Secretariat of the Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)

Mariam Almansoura Alsadig Almahdi, Minister of Foreign Affairs of Sudan, Chair of the Migration Dialogue for Intergovernmental Authority on Development (IGAD) Region (MID-IGAD or IGAD-RCP)

Robert Natiello, Regional Coordination Officer for the Caribbean and Chief of Mission in Guyana, IOM, Head of the Interim Secretariat of the Caribbean Migration Consultations (CMC)

Rocío González, Head of the Migration Policy Unit, Registry and Identity of Persons, Ministry of the Interior of Mexico, for the Chair of the Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)

Rolliansyah Soemirat, Director for International Security and Disarmament, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Indonesia, for the Bali Process Co-Chair

Sedef Dearing, Regional Coordinator Silk Routes, International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD), Head of Budapest Process Secretariat

Simon K. Chelugui, Cabinet Secretary, Ministry of Labour and Social Protection of Kenya, Chair of the Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa (RMFM)

Stuard Rodríguez, Director General, Migration Institute from Guatemala, Chair of the Central American Commission of Migration Directors (OCAM)

Tomáš Urubek, Head, Unit for International and European Affairs, Department for Asylum and Migration Policy, Ministry of the Interior of the Czech Republic, Prague Process Chair

Wen Li, Director for International Cooperation and Partnerships (ICP), International Organization for Migration (IOM)

ANNEX VI: GRCP 9 List of Participants



International Organization for Migration (IOM)
The UN Migration Agency



International Migration Review Forum: an Opportunity for Inter-State Consultations Mechanisms on Migration to Contribute to the Global Governance of Migration

Ninth Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration (GRCP 9)

10- 11 November 2021, virtual

Participant List

I. Participants from ISCMs

#	ISCM	Name	Position
1.	African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI) Chair	Mr Ahmed Sharfeldin	Director General, Passports and Civil Registration corporation, Ministry of Interior of Sudan Chair of the African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants
2.	African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI) Co-Secretariat and Pan-African Forum on Migration (PAFOM) Secretariat and EU-Horn of Africa Migration Route Initiative (Khartoum Process) Secretariat	Dr Ahmed Zanya Bugre	Senior Migrant Protection and Assistance Advisor, Department for Health, Humanitarian Affairs, and Social Development, African Union Commission, Co-Head of the African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI) Secretariat; Head of the Pan-African Forum on Migration (PAFOM) Secretariat; and Co-Head of EU-Horn of Africa Migration Route Initiative (Khartoum Process) Secretariat
3.	African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI) Co-Secretariat	Mr Beakal Bekele	Project Officer, IOM Special Liaison Office to the African Union and UNECA, International Organization for Migration Co-Head of the African Union Horn of Africa Initiative on Human Trafficking and Smuggling of Migrants (AU HoAI) Secretariat
4.	Almaty Process on Refugee Protection and International Migration Chair	Ms Rüya Gümürkçü	Migration Expert, Directorate General of Migration Management, Ministry of Interior of Turkey Almaty Process Chair
5.	Almaty Process on Refugee Protection and International Migration Co-Secretariat	Mr Eugene Hong	Programme Officer, Almaty Office, IOM Mission in Kazakhstan Co-Head of Almaty Process Secretariat
6.	Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration (ARCP) Secretariat	Ms Lobna Azzam	Officer, Refugees, Expatriates and Migration Affairs Department, League of Arab States Head of the ARCP Secretariat
7.	Bali Process on People Smuggling, Trafficking in Persons and Related Transnational Crime Co-Chair	Ms Clare Gatehouse	Director, Human Trafficking and Modern Slavery, Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade of Australia, Co-Chair of the Bali Process
8.	Bali Process on People Smuggling, Trafficking in Persons and Related Transnational Crime Co-Chair	Ms Sarah Goodall	Assistant Director, People Smuggling and Human Trafficking Branch, Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade of Australia Co-Chair of the Bali Process on People Smuggling, Trafficking in Persons and Related Transnational Crime
9.	Bali Process on People Smuggling, Trafficking in Persons and Related Transnational Crime Co-Chair	Mr Rolliansyah Soemirat	Director for International Security and Disarmament, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Indonesia

#	ISCM	Name	Position
			Co-Chair of the Bali Process on People Smuggling, Trafficking in Persons and Related Transnational Crime
10.	Bali Process on People Smuggling, Trafficking in Persons and Related Transnational Crime Co-Chair	Ms Anisa Farida	First Secretary, Coordinator for Combating Transnational Organized Crimes, Directorate of International Security and Disarmament, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Indonesia
11.	Bali Process on People Smuggling, Trafficking in Persons and Related Transnational Crime Co-Chair	Mr Raditya M. Kusumaningprang	Counsellor, Permanent Mission of Indonesia to the UN and International Organizations in Geneva
12.	Bali Process on People Smuggling, Trafficking in Persons and Related Transnational Crime Secretariat	Mr Stephen Rogers	Senior Programme and Strategy Development Officer, IOM Mission in Australia
13.	Budapest Process Chair	Ms Sumeyye Saadet Ildir	Migration Expert, Directorate General of Migration Management, Ministry of Interior of Turkey Budapest Process Chair
14.	Budapest Process Secretariat	Ms Sedef Dearing	Head of Budapest Process Secretariat, International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD)
15.	Budapest Process Secretariat	Mr Omer Ali	Project Officer, Budapest Process Secretariat, International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD)
16.	Budapest Process Secretariat	Ms Yana Dodnikova	Project Officer, Budapest Process Secretariat, International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD)
17.	Caribbean Migration Consultations (CMC) incoming Chair	H.E. Mr A'Dale Robinson	Director, Economic Affairs Department, Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Foreign Trade of Jamaica
18.	Caribbean Migration Consultations (CMC) Secretariat	Mr Robert Natiello	Chief of Mission, IOM Guyana
19.	Central American Commission of Migration Directors (OCAM) Chair	Mr Stuard Rodríguez	Director General, Migration Institute from Guatemala
20.	Central American Commission of Migration Directors (OCAM) Secretariat	Mr Jorge Peraza Breedy	Chief of Mission, IOM Mission in Salvador, Guatemala and Honduras Head of OCAM Technical Secretariat
21.	Global Forum on Migration and Development (GFMD) incoming Chair	H. E. Mr Christophe Leonzi	Ambassador on migration, Ministry of Europe and Foreign Affairs of France Incoming GFMD Chair
22.	Global Forum on Migration and Development (GFMD) incoming Chair	Ms Alison Larcher	Migration policy officer, French Ministry for Europe and Foreign Affairs
23.	Global Forum on Migration and Development (GFMD) Interim Support	Ms Anqi Zhang	GFMD Consultant, IOM Interim GFMD support arrangement
24.	Ibero-American Network of Migration Authorities (RIAM) Secretariat and South American Conference on Migration (SACM) Secretariat	Ms Alba Goycoechea	Technical Secretariat Coordinator, IOM Regional Office for South America Head of RIAM Secretariat and Head of SACM Secretariat
25.	Inter-Governmental Consultations on Migration, Asylum and Refugees (IGC) Secretariat	Mr Laurent Dalmaso	Deputy Director, IGC Secretariat
26.	International Technical Meeting on Human Mobility of Venezuelan Citizens in the Region (Quito Process) Secretariat	Mr Osmar Alza	Technical Secretary Joint Coordinator, IOM Co-Head of Quito Process Secretariat
27.	International Technical Meeting on Human Mobility of Venezuelan Citizens in the Region (Quito Process) Secretariat	Mr Enrique Patiño	Joint Communicator officer, UNHCR Co-Head of Quito Process Secretariat
28.	EU-Horn of Africa Migration Route Initiative (Khartoum Process) Informal support	Ms Barbara Salcher	Dialogue Coordinator, International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD)
29.	Euro-African Dialogue on Migration and Development (Rabat Process) Secretariat	Ms Audrey Jolivel	Coordinator of the Rabat Process Secretariat, Focal Point for West Africa, International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD)
30.	Migration Dialogue for Intergovernmental Authority on Development Region (MID-IGAD or IGAD RCP) Chair	H. E. Ms Mariam Almansoura Alsadig Almahdi	Minister of Foreign Affairs of Sudan Chair of the Migration Dialogue for Intergovernmental Authority on Development

#	ISCM	Name	Position
			Region (MID-IGAD)
31.	Migration Dialogue for Intergovernmental Authority on Development Region (MID-IGAD or IGAD RCP) Chair	H.E. Mr Ali Ibn Abi Talib Mahmoud	Ambassador, Permanent Representative of the Republic of the Sudan to the UN and International Organizations in Geneva
32.	Migration Dialogue for Intergovernmental Authority on Development Region (MID-IGAD or IGAD RCP) Chair	H.E. Mr Shafaq Mokwar	First Secretary, Permanent Mission of the Republic of the Sudan to the UN and International Organizations in Geneva
33.	Migration Dialogue for Southern Africa (MIDSA) Chair	Mr John Kabaghe	Acting Director Planning and Coordinator for Diaspora Affairs, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Malawi
34.	Migration Dialogue for Southern Africa (MIDSA) Secretariat	Mr Charles Kwenin	Regional Director for South Africa, IOM Head of MIDSA Secretariat
35.	Migration Dialogue for West Africa (MIDWA)	Mr Kwame Asuah Takyi	Comptroller -General, Ghana Immigration Service MIDWA Chair
36.	Migration Dialogue from the Common Market for Eastern and Southern Africa Member States (MIDCOM)	Mr Japhet Lishomw	Deputy Director-General, Department of Immigration of Zambia Chair of MIDCOM
37.	Ministerial Consultation on Overseas Employment and Contractual Labour for Countries of Origin and Destination in Asia (Abu Dhabi Dialogue) Secretariat	H. E. Mr Abdulla Al-Nuaim	Assistant Undersecretary for International Relations, Ministry of Human Resources and Emiratization of United Arab Emirates Head of ADD Secretariat
38.	Ministerial Consultation on Overseas Employment and Contractual Labour for Countries of Origin and Destination in Asia (Abu Dhabi Dialogue) Secretariat	Ms Alia Ibrahim	Acting Director- International Organization department, Ministry of Human Resources and Emiratization of United Arab Emirates
39.	Ministerial Consultation on Overseas Employment and Contractual Labour for Countries of Origin and Destination in Asia (Abu Dhabi Dialogue) Secretariat	Mr Harry Miskin	International Relations and communication Expert, Ministry of Human Resources and Emiratization of United Arab Emirates
40.	Ministerial Consultation on Overseas Employment and Contractual Labour for Countries of Origin and Destination in Asia (Abu Dhabi Dialogue) Secretariat	Ms Rasha Assem Saleh	International Relations Expert, Ministry of Human Resources and Emiratization of United Arab Emirates
41.	Ministerial Consultation on Overseas Employment and Contractual Labour for Countries of Origin and Destination in Asia (Abu Dhabi Dialogue) Secretariat	Ms Isra Rehman	Spcialist, Ministry of Human Resources and Emiratization of United Arab Emirates
42.	Ministerial Consultation on Overseas Employment and Contractual Labour for Countries of Origin and Destination in Asia (Abu Dhabi Dialogue) Secretariat	Ms Noor Ahmad	Executive, Ministry of Human Resources and Emiratization of United Arab Emirates
43.	Pacific Immigration Development Community (PIDC) Secretariat	Mr Ioane Moreli Simi Alama	Head of PIDC Secretariat
44.	Pan-African Forum on Migration (PAFOM) Secretariat Support (informal)	Ms Aissata Kane	Senior Regional Adviser for Africa, IOM
45.	Prague Process Chair	Dr Tomáš Urubek	Head, Unit for International and European Affairs, Department for Asylum and Migration Policy, Ministry of the Interior of the Czech Republic Prague Process Chair
46.	Prague Process Secretariat	Dr Radim Zak	Regional Coordinator for Eastern Europe and Central Asia Migration Dialogues and Cooperation Directorate, International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD) Head of Prague Process Secretariat
47.	Prague Process Secretariat	Mr Alexander Maleev	Project Manager, International Centre for Migration Policy Development (ICMPD) Prague Process Secretariat
48.	Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)	Ms Rocío González	Head of the Migration Policy Unit, Registry and Identity of Persons, Ministry of the Interior of Mexico RCM Chair
49.	Regional Conference on Migration (RCM) Secretariat	Mr Luis Alonso Serrano Echeverría	Coordinator, RCM Technical Secretariat
50.	Regional Conference on Migration (RCM) Secretariat	Mr Renán Rodas	Specialist, RCM Technical Secretariat

#	ISCM	Name	Position
51.	Regional Consultative Process on Overseas Employment and Contractual Labour for Countries of Origin in Asia (Colombo Process) Secretariat	Ms Nicoletta Giordano	Head, International Partnerships Division (IPD), Department of International Cooperation and Partnerships Colombo Process Secretariat Head
52.	Regional Consultative Process on Overseas Employment and Contractual Labour for Countries of Origin in Asia (Colombo Process) Secretariat	Ms Johanna Dorenborg	Migration Policy Officer, International Partnerships Division, International Organization for Migration
53.	Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa (RMFM)	H.E. Mr. Simon K. Chelugui	Cabinet Secretary, Ministry of Labour and Social Protection of Kenya Chair of the Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa
54.	Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa (RMFM)	Mr Francis Wanyeki	Ministry of Labour and Social Protection of Kenya
55.	South American Conference on Migration (SACM)	H.E. Mr Frank Tressler Zamorano	Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary, Permanent Representative of Chile to the UN and International Organizations in Geneva, SACM Chair
56.	South American Conference on Migration (SACM)	Ms Andrea Quezada	Second Secretary, Permanent Mission of Chile to the UN and International Organizations in Geneva
57.	South American Conference on Migration (SACM)	Ms Camila González	Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Chile
58.	South American Conference on Migration (SACM)	Mr Paul Barrezueta	Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Chile
59.	South American Conference on Migration (SACM) Secretariat	Mr Brian Gandini	Project Assistant, IOM Regional Office for South America

II. Host and Organizers (IOM)

#	Organization	Name	Position
60.	International Organization for Migration (IOM) Headquarters	H. E. Mr António Vitorino	Director General
61.	IOM Headquarters	Mr Othman Belbeisi	Senior Regional Adviser for Middle East and North Africa, IOM
62.	IOM Headquarters	Ms Wen Li	Director, Department of International Cooperation and Partnerships
63.	IOM Headquarters	Ms Kristina Galstyan	Migration Policy Officer, GRCP Meeting Coordinator, International Partnerships Division, Department of International Cooperation and Partnerships
64.	IOM Headquarters	Ms Lucia Rodriguez Torresi	International Partnerships Division, Department of International Cooperation and Partnerships
65.	IOM Headquarters	Ms Louisa Ayebare	International Partnerships Division, Department of International Cooperation and Partnerships
66.	IOM Headquarters	Ms Nowshin Mehzabin Chowdhury	International Partnerships Division, Department of International Cooperation and Partnerships
67.	IOM Regional Office for South America	Ms Dalila Polack	Regional Data Analysis Officer, IOM Regional Office for South America

ANNEX VII: GRCP 9 List of Relevant Materials



International Organization for Migration (IOM)
The UN Migration Agency



International Migration Review Forum: an Opportunity for Inter-State Consultations Mechanisms on Migration to Contribute to the Global Governance of Migration

Ninth Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration (GRCP 9)

10- 11 November 2021, virtual

List of relevant materials

- [Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration](#)
- [Format and organizational aspects of the international migration review forums](#)
- [Information Note on Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration and the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration](#)
- [Potential formats of engagement by interested inter-State consultation mechanisms on migration \(ISCM\) in the International Migration Review Forum \(IMRF\)](#)
- [Potential formats of engagement by interested inter-State consultation mechanisms on migration \(ISCM\) in the regional reviews of the Global compact for safe, orderly and regular migration](#)
- [The Role of inter-State consultation mechanisms on migration in the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration](#)
- [GRCP 7 Highlights](#)
- [Summary of the Results of the Survey on ISCMs' and partners' contribution to the global compact for migration](#)
- [Report](#) of High-level webinar on ISCMs and the GCM regional reviews
- [Summary of Survey of ISCMs on GCM reviews and IMRF](#)
- [Frequent ISCM themes and corresponding GCM objectives and SDGs](#)

List of Previous GRCP Reports

- IOM, [“Advancing a common understanding of migration governance across regions, Summary Report of the Eighth Global RCP Meeting”](#), 2019
- IOM, [“Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration and the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration. Summary Report of the Seventh Global RCP Meeting”](#), 2017

- IOM, [“Migration and the Sustainable Development Goals: the Role of Inter-state Consultation Mechanisms on Migration and of Regional Economic Organizations. Summary Report of the Sixth Global RCP Meeting \(GRCP 6\)”](#), 2016
- IOM, [“Summary Report of the Fifth Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Regional Consultative Processes on Migration. Exploring Contemporary Migration Challenges: Reflecting on the Outcomes of the 2013 High-level Dialogue on International Migration and Development and the Post-2015 Development Agenda”](#) (GRCP 5), 2015,
- IOM, [Summary Report of the Fourth Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Regional Consultative Processes on Migration: Defining the Place of RCPs in a Changing International Migration Landscape](#) (GRCP 4), 2013
- IOM, [Summary Meeting of the Third Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Regional Consultative Processes on Migration: Enhancing Cooperation on migration through dialogue and capacity-building](#) (GRCP 3), 2011
- IOM, [Summary Report of the Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Regional Consultative Processes on Migration](#) (GRCP 2), 2009
- IOM, [Summary Meeting of GCIM – IOM Workshop on Regional Consultative Processes](#) (GRCP 1), 2005

ANNEX VIII: GRCP 9 Rapporteur reports

Discussion session 1

<https://www.iom.int/sites/g/files/tmzbdl486/files/icp/rapporteur-report-on-grcp-9-discussion-session-1-on-10-november-2021-english.pdf>

International Migration Review Forum: an Opportunity for Inter-State Consultations Mechanisms on Migration to Contribute to the Global Governance of Migration

10 November 2021

SESSION 1

Guiding questions for discussion:

- How can the IMRF contribute to migration governance within your respective regions?
- What are the main trends, challenges, gaps, that you would like to see addressed in the IMRF Policy Debate and at the IMRF Roundtables?
- What are effective practices and innovative approaches you would like to bring to the attention of the IMRF?
- How does your ISCM intend to contribute to the IMRF (e.g., dedicated ISCM event; ISCM written input; participation in the IMRF conference; hosting a side-event at the IMRF conference, etc.)?
- Has your ISCM dedicated resources to enable its engagement in the IMRF? What are the related challenges and needs (e.g., policy advice, capacity building, partnerships, etc.)?

Participantes:

Discussion Session Facilitator: H.E. Mr Julio Fiol Zuñiga, Director General of Consular Affairs and Immigration, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Chile, Chair of the South American Conference on Migration (SACM)

Rapporteur: Mr Luis Alonso Serrano Echeverría, Head of Technical Secretariat of the Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)

Objective:

To discuss possible contributions by interested ISCMs to the IMRF - the global-level review of the Global Compact for Migration (GCM).

Chairs and Secretariats:

- Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa
- South American Conference on Migration (SACM)
- Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)
- Prague Process
- Central American Commission of Migration Directors (OCAM)
- Ibero-American Network of Migration Authorities (RIAM)
- Quito Process
- Caribbean Migration Consultations (CMC)

Discussion:

1. *H.E. Mr. Simon K. Cheluqui, Cabinet Secretary, Ministry of Labour and Social Protection of Kenya, Chair of the Regional Ministerial Forum on Migration for East and Horn of Africa*

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These mechanisms provide an important platform for cooperation at global, regional, national and local levels for better migration. Migration has advantages for countries of origin and destination. Harmonization policies in the region have been geared towards safe, orderly and regular labor migration. With bilateral agreements we must protect migrant workers in the African zone. Labor information flow mechanisms have been organized, identifying labor migration needs. Training capacity has been identified with data and statistics, and the need to improve cooperation. We continue to strengthen the social security system for migrant workers. These objectives are in line with the PMM.

Progress on the implementation of the PMM:

- Forum meetings (face-to-face and virtual).
- Three technical committees with main secretary
- Operational models and roadmaps for implementing the objectives.
- Each country has created an advisory committee with a secretary

2. Mr. Frank Tessler Zamorano, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Permanent Representative of Chile to the UN and International Organizations in Geneva, Chair of the South American Conference on Migration (SACM)

Chile has assumed the PPT. These spaces must be strengthened in this context. Cooperation is fundamental. The ISCMs are relevant actors in migration governance. For 3 decades they provided a space for States to develop policies and a common approach. The CSM focuses its policies on the rights of migrants and their families, and rescues their contributions to development.

New methodology expressed in the creation of working networks (Argentina's PPT), to achieve a strengthened space attentive to the challenges of mobility in the regional reality.

The Chilean PPT, which recently took office, will add innovative topics to the networks:

- Gender equality in a cross-cutting manner.
- Environment and climate change, it is imperative to create regulations in this area to improve the institutional framework.
- Education and migration.
- Access to justice with a non-discrimination approach.
- Re-emphasize the role of local governments, especially in the reception and return of migrants.
- Generation of reliable data.
- Address the issue of migrant trafficking in greater depth, especially in the context of a pandemic.

Need coordinated responses from countries. Follow-up of networks and themes complement the objectives of the CSM in line with the PMM.

3. Ms Rocío González, Head of the Migration Policy Unit, Registry and Identity of Persons, Ministry of the Interior of Mexico, for the Chair of the Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)

In April 2021, a first approach was made with IOM and ECLAC at the consultation meeting with regional platforms and processes.

Follow-up workshop on the PMM was held in September. The workshop analyzed general aspects of the work of the United Nations Migration Network in support of the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration (GCM), and a section was set up for RCM Member Countries to present follow-up actions to the GCM.

Mexico has a PMM follow-up system, in which they share best practices, actions and challenges. They prepare two annual reports using the framework of the PMM objectives. Four reports have already been developed (174 actions in the last report).

Challenges in global compact implementation methods:

1. The different ways in which countries comply with the Pact, even in the same region where they share similarities in addressing the migration phenomenon.
2. Greater interaction between the States and the United Nations Network on Migration is necessary, since we have identified two parallel processes, which is why the organization of this forum stands out.
3. That the States and International Organizations listen to the voices and ideas that are generated in these forums, as well as allow the technical support of IOM and ECLAC as specialists in the follow-up of this instrument.

4. Mr Luis Alonso Serrano Echeverría, Head of Technical Secretariat of the Regional Conference on Migration (RCM)

RCM sees the importance of the PMM. Even though there are countries that are not members, this has not hindered the contribution of other countries within the framework of the RCM. In recent years, the dialogue with the SACM has been strengthened. This year was the second meeting where several recommendations were promoted: dialogues on irregular migration, visa issues, sharing information on trafficking and smuggling, among others.

Next year, the 2nd Workshop on the revision of the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration will be held, with the support of IOM and ECLAC, to support governments in the revision process at the IMRF. The objective is to place the issue of the revision of the Pact permanently on the agenda of the RCM. It is recommended that these review workshops continue to be held.

5. Dr Tomáš Urubek, Head, Unit for International and European Affairs, Department for Asylum and Migration Policy, Ministry of the Interior of the Czech Republic, Prague Process Chair

The process has involved thematic consultations with 50 States. They analyzed priorities resulting from the pandemic and future prospects. The need to renew the mandate and adapt the action plan was suggested. All this should take shape in the following years.

Importance of inclusion in the dialogue on migration. Importance of networking with 50 states exchanging good practices and lessons learned, based on mutual trust and equality. Priority is given to our dialogue and not to enter into political disputes that do not go beyond migration issues.

The Prague process has different tools that take into account inclusiveness and information sharing:

- The migration observatory provides evidence-based analysis. It is composed of academic researchers and state actors. It works with valuable data.
- Other dialogue tools for capacity building: E-learning platform for migration and asylum so we can deliver learning during the pandemic.

Maintain cooperation and dialogue among all relevant parties. Dialogue should be inclusive. These dialogues use research to translate it into concrete practices (applied research).

6. Mr Sutart Rodríguez, Director General, Migration Institute from Guatemala, Chair of the Central American Commission of Migration Directors (OCAM)

He shared the challenges they have had around two issues: extra-regional migration and COVID-19. He recounted how his government responded in terms of pandemic care for Guatemalans.

7. Ms Alba Goycochea, Head of the Secretariat of the Ibero-American Network of Migration Authorities (RIAM) and Head of the Secretariat of the South American Conference on Migration (SACM)

The RIAM is an optimal space for identifying practices and exchanging information in order to advance a collaborative approach. It strengthens technical and scientific cooperation, advances in training on migration issues, alliances against international crimes related to migration and responds in a coordinated manner to migration challenges.

How the RIAM has responded in the context of the pandemic?

- Exchange with WHO, shared recommendations on border management in the context of COVID-19.
- Meeting in Ecuador where experiences, recommendations and progress in the fight against trafficking were shared.
- Response to the alarming situation at the borders, especially in Panama (Darién). With special focus on vulnerable groups.
- Colombia and Panama, faced with the challenge of intra- and extra-regional migration.
- They shared good practices in cross-border matters.
- They agreed to continue sharing good practices and to make progress in the exchange of information.
- Joint alert systems.

Regarding the challenges, it is of utmost importance to continue articulating efforts on these issues; materialize commitments, establish monitoring mechanisms.

The RIAM's PPT is the Dominican Republic; work on these issues will continue at the annual meeting in December.

Challenges: participation of these spaces in parallel dialogues within the framework of IMRF, in order to bring our regional experiences. In order to continue strengthening synergies, these spaces can contribute with their progress at bilateral and multilateral levels.

8. Mr Enrique Patiño, Joint Communicator officer, Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR), Co-Head of the Technical Secretariat of the Quito Process

The Quito Process coordinates the humanitarian response to Venezuelan migration. It monitors and tries to provide solutions to the humanitarian crisis.

Capacity to adapt to the needs of the region, that is the most significant thing. The issue of regularization has also been strongly worked on.

9. Mr Robert Natiello, Regional Coordination Officer for the Caribbean and Chief of Mission in Guyana, IOM, Head of the Interim Secretariat of the Caribbean Migration Consultations (CMC)

The Caribbean is highly vulnerable to climate change. The economic impact of the pandemic also reached the Caribbean. Many countries depend on tourism and that impacted jobs: unemployment. However, regular migration contributes to the socio-economic recovery from the pandemic.

Opportunities: CMC can support IMRF. The CMC has developed a website that promotes exchange and dialogue. We are organizing webinars through this platform to assist States in their preparation for IMRF. Specialized networks have also been created to share information and best practices (border management, labor migration, human development, data management and production, etc.). Participating with other consultation mechanisms contributes to formalizing the CMC.

Main consensuses:

- Importance of cooperation and coordination of Inter-State Mechanisms, promoting synergies for good migration governance.
- It is a priority to continue strengthening channels for the exchange of information, tools, good practices and lessons learned.
- It is important that the mechanisms maintain their capacity to adapt to emerging contexts.
- Many mechanisms have implemented thematic networks that, while allowing for a better approach and follow-up on current issues, are advancing in the institutionalization of spaces that address regional challenges.
- Need to strengthen dialogue and possible linkages between the Mechanisms in order to continue deepening the regional architecture.
- Importance of the IMRF and of sharing the experiences of the Mechanisms in this Forum, including through parallel events.
- It is important to address the follow-up of the Pact as a continuous strategy beyond the IMRF.

The shortage of funds in the context of the global pandemic emergency was mentioned as a specific challenge.

Finally, which replicable practices they would like to bring to the attention of IMRF:

- An experience of permanent follow-up to the PMM was presented: Mexico has a monitoring system through which they share good practices, actions and challenges. They prepare two annual reports using the PMM framework (they develop an exercise to align public policies with the objectives). Four reports have already been developed (the last report identified 174 harmonized with the PMM). Presentation of the RCM.
- Inclusive space for the production and exchange of information: The Prague Process highlighted that a migration observatory was created that provides evidence-based analysis. It is made up of academic researchers and state actors. They also have tools for capacity building through an e-learning platform.
- As indicated by some mechanisms, the creation of thematic working networks: working groups around specific topics allow for greater follow-up, effectiveness in addressing them and ensure continuity in their treatment over time.

Discussion session 2

<https://www.iom.int/sites/g/files/tmzbdl486/files/icp/rapporteur-report-grcp-9-discussion-session-2-on-11-november-2021.pdf>

Report of Interactive Discussions of ISCMs based in Eastern time zone – Session 2

Ninth Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration (GRCP 9): Possible Contribution of ISCMs to the IMRF – the global review of the Global Compact for Migration

11 Nov 2021

ISCMs based in Eastern time zone that took part in session 2

- Abu Dhabi Dialogue
- Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration (ARCP)
- Bali Process
- Budapest Process (BP)
- Global Forum on Migration and Development (GFMD)
- MID-IGAD/IGAD-RCP
- Migration Dialogue for Southern Africa (MIDSA)
- Pacific Immigration Development Community (PIDC)

- **Main migration trends, challenges, and gaps:**
 What are the main trends, challenges, gaps, that you would like to see addressed in the IMRF Policy Debate and at the IMRF Roundtables?
 - COVID-19 has affected not only the GCM review process but migration in general. As we aim to build back better from the global pandemic, it is important to focus on inclusion and diversity (Arab Regional Consultative Process on Migration)
 - Summary of priority issues occupying ISCMs that can be raised at the IMRF policy debate:
 - The impact of COVID-19 and climate change on migration and relevant response (Budapest Process, GFMPD)
 - Wholesome and balanced migration and asylum governance (Budapest Process)
 - Interregional dialogue and cooperation for improved migration governance and response (Abu Dhabi Dialogue)
 - Addressing irregular migration and better management of labour mobility (Budapest Process, MID-IGAD)
 - Enhanced integrated border management, equal and non-discriminatory treatment of migrants (PIDC, MID-IGAD)

- **Effective ISCM practices and innovative approaches:**
 What are effective practices and innovative approaches you would like to bring to the attention of the IMRF?
 - Raising awareness amongst countries on the GCM, its implementation, and follow-up process (ARCP)
 - Producing a declaration statement on the implementation of the GCM in Africa (MIDSA)
 - Facilitating a discussion on the future of migration within and from the Silk Routes region including development of project proposals, deliberation on policy issues affecting the region, and formulation common positions on emerging issues (Budapest Process)
 - Delivery of an integrated training support on immigration and border control for improved critical thinking on common migration issues and strengthened institutional capacity for border security in the Pacific (PIDC)
 - Compiling regional best practices and developing technical tools for strengthened national immigration capability in the Pacific (PIDC)

- **Planned input into the IMRF:**
 How does your ISCM intend to contribute to the IMRF (e.g., dedicated ISCM event; ISCM written input; participation in the IMRF conference; hosting a side-event at the IMRF conference, etc.)?
 - ISCMs are regional extensions of national priorities and can thus coordinate contextual input in to the IMRF process and GCM follow-up activities (PIDC)
 - Taking regional priorities into context, ISCMs stand ready to provide input in to the IMRF process through exchanges with other ISCMs including through GRCP meetings (Bali Process)
 - Review of GCM implementation forms an important action item in upcoming meetings of ISCMs (Bali Process)
 - ISCMs have convened meetings to review the GCM with the aim of providing input into the IMRF process (MID-IGAD/IGAD-RCP)
 - ISCMs are working towards a report on the implementation of the GCM (Abu Dhabi Dialogue, GFMPD)

- **Availability of resources to engage in the IMRF:**
Has your ISCM dedicated resources to enable its engagement in the IMRF? What are the related challenges and needs (e.g., policy advice, capacity building, partnerships, etc.)?

- **In cases where ISCM activities are dependent on availability of funding, it will be useful to allocate resources for soliciting input towards the IMRF and the overall monitoring of GCM implementation (MIDSA)**

Thank you!

Ninth Global Meeting of Chairs and Secretariats of Inter-State Consultation Mechanisms on Migration (GRCP 9)



