Thursday, 23 June marks 120 days since the Russian Federation’s invasion of Ukraine on 24 February 2022. Major attacks continue to be reported across the country, resulting in widespread destruction of infrastructure, loss of life, and displacement.

Over the last two weeks, fighting has continued to be concentrated in Eastern Ukraine, particularly in the Donbas, Kharkiv, and Luhansk regions. The Russian Federation military recently intensified shelling in the cities of Kharkiv, Lysychansk, and Severodonetsk. According to the Institute for the Study of War (ISW), Russian Federation forces occupy all residential areas of Severodonetsk, and the Luhansk Regional Military Administration reports that they have seized Metelkine, just east of the city. In addition, there are major concerns and ongoing negotiations regarding 500 civilians trapped in the industrial district of Azot in Severodonetsk. The Office of the United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights (OHCHR) has verified that between 24 February and 21 June, there have been 10,403 civilian casualties in the country, including 4,634 persons killed, though these figures are likely to be considerably higher.

Reports of airstrikes and other fighting continue across the country. Air defense systems shot down a military object in the Kyiv region on 19 June, there is intensive fighting in Kherson, and this week cruise missiles were shot down above Lviv and Ternopil, according to Ukrainian officials. Artillery and mortar fire in the Chenihiv and Sumy regions were also reported, as was fighting in the Zaporizhzhia region. Widespread use of mines on land and at sea has been widely reported. Peter Adams, Special Adviser on Marine Security at the International Maritime Organization, noted that clearing Ukrainian ports of mines would likely take several months.

IOM is particularly concerned about ongoing internal and cross-border displacement resulting from the war and continues to monitor the situation. A new survey conducted by IOM from 16 April to 31 May (publication forthcoming) indicates that approximately half of the interviewees returning to Ukraine intend to stay, while one quarter intend a short visit and another quarter do not know. The survey findings also suggest that a mix of push and pull factors are contributing to those returning and intending to stay, with some 33 per cent reporting factors such as not being able to afford living costs, while 43 per cent reported family reunification as a major factor. The crisis in and around Ukraine continues to evolve, with ongoing displacement and movement underlining the need for a mixture of continued humanitarian support as well as longer-term solutions.
IOM RESPONSE

SHELTER AND NON-FOOD ITEMS

IOM continues to provide temporary shelter assistance to affected populations where shelter conditions are inadequate in Ukraine and in neighbouring countries.

In Ukraine, IOM recently completed light and medium repairs, including on WASH infrastructure, in 11 collective centers and assessed 55 collective centers in Ivano-Frankivsk. Technical assessments to support further programming are continuing alongside distributions of non-food items, including cots, blankets, and kitchen sets.

Meanwhile, IOM has continued to provide cost-free shelter solutions to displaced Ukrainians in neighboring countries, including through its partnership with Airbnb. For example, in Romania, 457 persons have benefited from accommodation through Airbnb while in Hungary, 116 persons have received housing through IOM-managed accommodation. IOM is also providing shelter support to third country nationals affected by the conflict. Since 5 April, 872 persons, including 191 third country nationals, have been matched with cost-free accommodation across Poland.

HEALTH

IOM continues to expand its support for internally displaced persons in need of medical care. Four mobile medical clinics provided primary healthcare services and psychological consultations to 3,106 internally displaced persons and host communities in Lviv oblast in Ukraine over the past two weeks, bringing the total number of beneficiaries receiving health-related services to 7,554 persons across 99 locations since the start of the war.

As part of its health response, IOM physicians conduct pre-embarkation health checks (PEC) for persons transiting the humanitarian Green Corridor between Moldova and Romania and those departing on IOM facilitated flights. During the reporting period, IOM conducted PECs for 301 persons (135 men and 166 women) in need of medical assistance through IOM-run clinics.

In addition, IOM teams in Ukraine, Moldova, and Poland are continuing to assist with the transportation and support of medically vulnerable cases to European countries through the TRANSMED initiative.

MENTAL HEALTH AND PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT

IOM deploys trained psychosocial mobile teams that are linguistically and culturally capable of serving vulnerable refugee and third country national populations. In Poland, for example, three Psychosocial Mobile Teams working in eight long-term stay centers in Warsaw have been providing direct assistance. From 8-21 June, IOM provided psychological first aid (PFA), individual psychosocial counselling, group sessions, social counselling to a total of 396 adults and 71 children, and community engagement activities for 305 persons. Since April, IOM in Poland has reached a total of 5,901 persons through MHPSS interventions, with an additional 1080 consultations provided. Meanwhile, across Moldova, Hungary, Belarus, and Slovakia, IOM provided counselling services to 207 persons, socio-relational support to 290 children, and MHPSS-related trainings for 62 persons during the reporting period.

CASH-BASED INTERVENTIONS

With multipurpose cash assistance, IOM seeks to increase the ability of people to meet their immediate, basic needs in a way that is most suited to their preferences. IOM continues to provide support to conflict-affected persons with multi-purpose cash assistance (MPCA) across Ukraine, with 120,438 displaced people and host community members registered and 74,500 assisted to date. IOM has temporarily paused registration of additional conflict-affected persons for MPCA in Ukraine due to funding constraints, however, some distributions will resume this week with the aim of reaching an additional 2,190 persons while plans are underway for the remainder of the distributions.

IOM is also providing support to conflict-affected persons in Moldova, Belarus, and Ireland through voucher distribution and in Poland through multi-purpose cash assistance. Bulgaria, Romania, and Slovakia are expected to start cash operations in the coming days.
IOM & AIRBNB.ORG PROJECT - ACCOMMODATION ASSISTANCE TO CONFLICT-AFFECTED POPULATIONS FROM UKRAINE
REPORT AS OF 17 JUNE 2022

DEMOGRAPHIC PROFILE FROM MARCH-JUNE 2022

- 81% UKRAINE NATIONALS
- 19% THIRD COUNTRY NATIONALS

FEMALE: 80%
MALE: 20%

HOUSEHOLD COMPOSITION

- 36% CHILDREN (below 18)
- 55% ADULT (18-65)
- 9% SENIORS (+65)
- Others/Undefined: 1.09%

HOUSEHOLD SIZE

- Average household size: 2.74
- Total household size: 2,470

WEEKLY STATISTICS: 7th JUNE 2022 – 21st JUNE 2022

- Total households: 184
- Total beneficiaries: 501
- Average household size: 2.74
- Average stay (per booking, days): 25.06

COUNTRY WEEKLY REPORT

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COUNTRY</th>
<th>Total beneficiaries</th>
<th>Total households</th>
<th>Avg. stay (per booking)</th>
<th>Avg. household size</th>
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<tr>
<td>TOTAL</td>
<td>501</td>
<td>184</td>
<td>25.06</td>
<td>2.74</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

DISPLACEMENT TRACKING

From late February to June 2022, IOM Ukraine has released four Area Baseline Reports that provide information on IDP population size at the hromada level, area of origin, and movement trends within Ukraine. On 13 June, IOM released the fourth round of its Ukraine Area Baseline Report, which documented changes in displacement from 16-31 May.

In neighboring countries, IOM is rolling out displacement tracking to ensure data and information management to support programme implementation and to contribute to joined-up analysis. In Moldova, the mission has completed 12,814 displacement surveys in coordination with local partners thus far while in Romania, IOM recently published its Ukraine Profiles and Inclusion Survey, spanning 25 March to 23 May based on 4,014 (82 per cent female and 18 per cent male) interviews conducted near border crossing points, at train stations, and in collective center, among other areas. For persons intending to remain in Romania, the most pressing needs reported were general information, transportation support, financial support, language courses, and food.

PROTECTION

Responding to increased vulnerabilities and protection risks facing conflict-affected persons, IOM’s protection portfolio spans the provision of direct service delivery, assessments and referrals, capacity building, and case management, as well as public information and awareness raising. To disseminate information on counter-trafficking and provide legal counseling to refugees and third country nationals, IOM operates hotlines in Ukraine, Poland, Romania, Moldova, Lithuania, Slovakia, Belarus, Czechia and Hungary. As of 13 June, IOM Ukraine had provided almost 58,849 consultations through its national toll-free migrant advice and counter-trafficking hotlines.

In Slovakia, IOM staff are present at information points at two highly transited border crossing points and three primary reception centers to assist crisis-affected people. The mission also maintains a hotline and website through its Migration Information Center (MIC) to provide information and legal counselling. As of 15 June, the MIC website had recorded 284,233 users and 764,651 page views.
In countries where access to the border is limited, such as Belarus, IOM has set up several direct referral pathways to locate refugees and third country nationals, identify their needs, refer them for assistance, and provide support. Thus far, IOM in Belarus has assessed and provided NFI, food, WASH, and protection assistance for 410 refugees referred by various government and civil society institutions.

IOM also assists with strengthening the capacity of humanitarian partners to identify protection risks and needs of third country nationals and refugees. In Romania, IOM provided two trainings on counter-trafficking for approximately 94 representatives of the Child Protection Authority (DGASPC) in Lasi and various non-governmental organizations on 8 June.

Since the activation of the Temporary Protection Directive (TPD) in March 2022 and related national legislation to support access to social services for refugees and vulnerable third country nationals, IOM has provided direct case management support and assistance with registrations when requested by respective governments. In Ireland, IOM continues to provide assistance to refugees and third country nationals entering the country through various points of entry. The mission assists refugees in completing social security forms and provides interpretation and referrals for national child protection services (TULSA) and the Health Service Executive. Between 13-20 June, IOM supported 1,467 Ukrainians with the issuance of Temporary Protection Documents, bringing the total number of persons supported since the start of March 2022 and related national legislation to support access to social services for refugees and vulnerable third country nationals.

IOM also organizes and facilitates charter flights from Moldova and Poland to requesting European countries for vulnerable refugees and third country nationals. To date, a total of 1,625 persons have been transferred by air by IOM, in coordination with UNHCR, to Austria, Germany, France, Spain, Switzerland, Netherlands, Ireland, and Norway. IOM continues to support stranded third country nationals with voluntary return to their countries of origin and has provided 473 third country nationals with return assistance from Moldova.

**HUMANITARIAN TRANSPORT**

Since the start of the conflict, IOM’s humanitarian movement assistance has expanded to include movement activities aimed at decongesting border areas. IOM continues to support the humanitarian Green Corridor between Palanca, Moldova and Husi, Romania to alleviate traffic at border control points. To date, a total of 11,087 persons have been transported through the Green Corridor in coordination with UNHCR and local authorities.

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**HUMANITARIAN BORDER MANAGEMENT**

In close coordination with national authorities, IOM supports border agencies in effectively responding to changing mobility trends to facilitate safe and inclusive cross border movements. During the reporting period, IOM in Poland conducted a training on effective communication for 16 border guards working in migrant detention centers while the mission in Moldova trained 372 frontline border police (155 men and 70 women) on the detection and referral of trafficking cases.

**WATER, SANITATION, AND HYGIENE**

In Ukraine, IOM is working with the WASH Cluster and relevant government actors to respond to gaps and needs of displaced persons. IOM乌克兰 delivered 200 washing and drying machines for collective centers to the local authorities in Vinnytsia, Lviv, and Khmelnytskyi. In addition, the mission distributed hygiene items in the west of the country and reached more than 30,000 beneficiaries.

In neighboring countries, IOM continues to provide hygiene kits to affected populations and institutions. On 17 June, IOM in Romania distributed 11,213 hygiene products to the Social Assistance and Child Protection Directorate in Bucharest and local NGOs and organizations.

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**REGIONAL UKRAINE RESPONSE - SITUATION REPORT #22**

From 22 February to 10 June, IOM deployed 258 staff to ten countries in relation to the ongoing war in Ukraine.
IOM signed an agreement with Atlas Logistique (Handicap International), providing IOM capacity. This brings the total warehouses in use for the Ukraine response to 17, including the Logistics Cluster warehouses (not including IOM has added a new warehouse in Kyiv, Ukraine, which provides the mission with another 1,920 square meters of warehousing capacity. This brings the total warehouses in use for the Ukraine response to 17, including the Logistics Cluster warehouses (not including IOM warehouses in Turkey and Greece), with a total of 23,055 meters of storage space at IOM warehouses.

IOM signed an agreement with Atlas Logistique (Handicap International), providing IOM access to 2,500 square meters of storage space in Dnipro and Vinnytsia as well as last-mile delivery services.

A total of 640,000 non-food items have been distributed to beneficiaries in Ukraine or are expected to arrive soon. Thus far, IOM has distributed non-food items to 24 different oblasts, in collaboration with over 31 implementing partners.

IOM's Revised Flash Appeal

On 28 April, IOM launched its Revised Flash Appeal for Ukraine and Neighbouring Countries, which requests USD 514 million over the course of nine months to meet the needs of Internally Displaced Persons (IDP), refugees, migrants, third country nationals (TCN) and other vulnerable populations, as well as hosting communities in Ukraine and its neighbouring countries, including Belarus, Hungary, Moldova, Poland, Romania, and Slovakia. As of 23 June, IOM has received approximately USD 177.4 million, which represents confirmed funding and is exclusive of USD 1 million from the Migration Emergency Funding Mechanism (MEFM) and USD 0.3 million in reallocated funds.
WITH THANKS TO OUR PARTNERS: