

MOZAMBIQUE CYCLONE IDAI AND CYCLONE KENNETH RESPONSE SITUATION REPORT #8 17-31 MAY 2019

1,800,944 persons

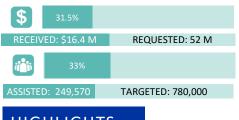
affected by Cyclone Idai and Kenneth as reported by INGC

46,912 persons

Reported across 50 sites in Sofala, Manica, Tete and Zambezia provinces in DTM's multi-sectoral location assessment

259,570 persons

IOM assisted with various shelter and essential household items in Sofala and Cabo Delgado Provinces.



HIGHLIGHTS

As of 31 May 2019, IOM has assisted 47,847 IDP households with 34,906 plastic sheets, 2,676 toolkits, 316 tents, 8,200 blankets, 1,897 kitchen sets, and 1,418 solar lights to IDPs in Beira.



S-NFI teams supporting IDPs with NFI kits Macomia District, Cabo Delgado. © IOM 2019

In coordination with the local government and INGC, the Shelter Cluster developed a strategy for shelter response and recovery in Cabo Delgado aiming to ensure a consistent approach across all partner organisations supporting shelter.

IOM health teams together with health staff at provincial level are visiting resettlement sites in Sofala Province, namely Guara-Guara, Savane, Mandruzi and Metuchira. Patients with TB and or HIV have been mapped, referred to health facilities, and encouraged to continue with treatment.

SITUATION OVERVIEW

In March and April 2019, Mozambique was hit by two consecutive tropical cyclones, impacting several coastal areas, bringing a path of destruction and damage to the Sofala, Cabo Delgado and Nampula Provinces in central and northern parts of the country. Cyclone Idai, a category-4 cyclone, made landfall near Beira city on 14 March, with winds blowing at over 220km/h and causing the death of 603 people and affecting over 1,500,000 people.

In addition, Cyclone Kenneth made landfall in northern Mozambique on 25 April, with 200km/h winds impacting several coastal areas, bringing a path of destruction and damage to the Cabo Delgado and Nampula Provinces, resulting in the death of 45 people and 286,282 people affected. According to IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM), as of 31 May, six accommodation centres are open hosting 3,564 individuals (1,006 households), and there are 44 resettlement sites with 48,348 individuals (9,371 households) in Manica, Sofala, Tete and Zambezia Provinces. In order to respond to the humanitarian needs of over 2.2 million people affected by Cyclones Idai and Kenneth, IOM is appealing for USD 52 million for 10 months (March – December 2019). To date, IOM's appeal is currently funded at 31.5%. Humanitarian stakeholders are seeking a total of USD 386 million of relief aid to address the needs of affected populations by both cyclones up to 30 June 2019.

From 31 May to 1 June, a Donor's Conference will be held in Beira, where the Government has been trying to secure USD 3.2 billion for the reconstruction process after Cyclones Idai and Kenneth. The total amount required was calculated from the Post-Disaster Needs Assessment (PDNA) exercise in Sofala, Manica, Zambezia and Tete provinces (the most affected by Cyclone Idai). The final report includes a separate addendum for the provinces affected by Cyclone Kenneth (Cabo Delgado and Nampula) and a fifth province affected by Cyclone Idai: Inhambane.

CONTACTS

Preparedness and Response Division prdcore@iom.int

Chief of Mission, Katharina Schnoering kschnoering@iom.int

Donor Relations Division drd@iom.int

CYCLONE IDAI RESPONSE

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SHELTER AND NFI

During the reporting period, IOM distributed family tents to 157 households (HH) that have been resettled to the Savane resettlement site. To date, a total of 47,847 HH have been assisted with shelter and NFI support, including distribution of 34,906 plastic sheets, 2,676 toolkits, 316 tents, 8,200 blankets, 1,897 kitchen sets, and 1,418 solar lights. An initial assessment for recovery support in affected neighbourhood in Dondo district was conducted to identify assistance gaps in Nhaminga and Nhamaiabue localities. Beneficiary selection of shelter kits will take place in June.

IOM as a co-lead of the shelter cluster is promoting and engaging in the discussion about shelter recovery in recognizing that while the emergency needs remain unmet, it's important to acknowledge and support the ongoing recovery and reconstruction efforts led by the affected communities.

CAMP COORDINATION AND CAMP MANAGEMENT

With regular service monitoring, CCCM is conducting coordination meetings and community engagement activities in six accommodation centres (AC) and 17 resettlement sites in Nhamatanda, Buzi, Beira and Dondo covering a current caseload of over 22,000 individuals. CCCM produced site maps of 28 resettlement sites in Manica Province to identify and support short term, immediate site improvements.

In Beira, after people were relocated to resettlement sites, IOM worked in coordination with INGC to decommission the ACs. Since 16 May, 18 ACs have been closed and nine new resettlement sites have been identified in the four provinces affected by Cyclone Idai. Site closure works are ongoing in IFAPA AC: clearing land, removing rubbish and working with WASH partners on de-commissioning of latrines.



DISPLACEMENT TRACKING

DTM is tracking 46,912 individuals (10,377 HH) across 50 sites on a daily basis and is disseminating updates via OCHA's Humanitarian Response Platform to over 990 individual recipients from over 177 different organisations.



HEALTH

IOM health teams together with health staff at provincial level are visiting resettlement sites in Sofala Province, namely Guara-Guara, Savane, Mandruzi and Metuchira. Patients with TB and or HIV have been mapped, referred to health facilities, and encouraged to continue with treatment. Suspect cases of TB have been referred for screening. Furthermore, health teams are conducting health education sessions on TB, hygiene and sanitation and nutrition attended by nearly 230 people, mainly women.

PROTECTION

On 30 May, a joint outreach visit was conducted to Nhamatanda resettlement sites with the Province Directorate of Gender, Children and Social Action raising awareness about PSEA, GBV and the availability and function of protection desks and services at site. During the mission, UNFPA dignity kits were provided, reaching 152 women at two resettlement sites in the district.

MENTAL HEALTH AND PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT

In Buzi District, IOM's MHPSS team participated in the training of community activists, facilitated by health personnel aiming at coordinating referral mechanisms. The team also met the psychiatrist of Buzi health centre to discuss IOM's activity plan in the area of MHPSS and agree on the referral of patients. In Guara-Guara around 100 women attended the session.



MHPSS team supporting training of community activists in Guara Guara, Buzi District, Sofala Province. © IOM 2019

CYCLONE KENNETH RESPONSE



SHELTER AND NFI

From 17 to 31 May, in the district of Macomia, 4,067 HH have been reached with shelter and NFIs. In-kind materials are in transit coming from the Shelter/NFI and WASH Common Pipelines in Pemba. Since March 2019, the Shelter/NFI Common Pipeline has released more than 10,000 plastic sheets and 500 shelter tool kits for distribution in Macomia and 32 bales of blankets and 147 kitchen sets for the households in the Tratara Transit Centre in Metuge.



IOM Shelter-NFI teams assisting 2,060 households in Nanga A, Macomia Sede, Cabo Delgado Province. @ IOM 2019

With the participation of Government counterparts and the INGC, and aiming to ensure a consistent approach across all partner organisations supporting shelter, the Shelter Cluster developed a strategy for shelter response and recovery in Cabo Delgado.

Shelter/NFI assessments are being conducted in several locations to monitor distributions carried by implementing partners and identify needs of the populations.



196 HH assisted with NFIs in district of Macomia, Cabo Delgado. © IOM 2019



DISPLACEMENT TRACKING

As of 31 May, five ACs are open hosting 1,388 individuals (284 HH) in Pemba city (2 ACs), Ibo (1),

Metuge (1) and Mecufi (1) districts. DTM team is tracking the IDPs on a daily basis. According to recent intention surveys conducted, 89 per cent of IDPs in the ACs plan to go to resettlement sites.

The resettlement process led by Direcção Provincial de Terras e Ambiente is ongoing with a plan to give plot / resettle approximately 1,400 HH in the districts of Macomia, Ibo, Mecufi, Metuge and Pemba city.



WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE

Assessments of water supplies in Cyclone Kenneth affected Districts are ongoing. Based on information collected by these assessments, funding proposals are in process of being developed.

Inspections and assessments are being conducted to determine engineering needs and potential WASH interventions of the cyclone affected population in Cabo Delgado.

PROTECTION

IOM, with UNICEF and UNFPA, progressed in adapting referral pathways for vulnerable populations in emergencies to the context of Cabo Delgado and held meetings with the GBV protection focal points to develop an implementation plan for GBV awareness raising and training.

Protection Monitoring was also carried out of returns from ACs in Pemba in cooperation with UNFPA, UNICEF and OCHA, including facilitation of go and see visit and dialogue with community on return options.

On 26 May, a joint monitoring activity with the Shelter Cluster/protection was conducted at Matemo Island/Ibo district which included a short introductory session on PSEA and distribution prioritization held for community leaders. A GBV focal point was also identified to support with availability and function of protection desks and services.

DTM ASSESSED LOCATIONS (27 MAY)

