

YEMEN CRISIS IOM REGIONAL RESPONSE



■ In the past week, IOM installed six water points in Abyan governorate reaching over 3,300 individuals.

On 29 July, IOM deployed an assessment team to Mokha, Taizz governorate to evaluate the needs and identify Somali refugees stranded in the area. ■ To date, IOM has successfully evacuated 3,132 Third Country Nationals from Yemen through 14 IOM-charted flights and seven IOM-charted boats.

Situation Overview

Instability and violence continue across the country with fighting intensifying in Taizz city in the past weeks. On 25 July, the Saudi-led coalition declared a five-day unilateral ceasefire, but fighting continues. An earlier Saudi-initiated humanitarian pause lasted for five days in May but air strikes resumed immediately after it expired. A six-day UN-proposed pause between 11 and 17 July also failed to hold as clashes and air strikes persisted.

80% of the population are in need of humanitarian aid, and 12.2 million people are estimated to be directly affected by the conflict, including nearly 1.3 million IDPs. Access to safe drinking water, healthcare, and other basic services continues to decline particularly in Aden, Al Dhale'e, Lahj, Sa'ada, Sana'a, and Taizz governorates.

Insecurity and fuel shortages are significantly hindering humanitarian operations. Humanitarian access constraints are particularly severe in Sa'ada, Lahj, Aden, Al Dhale'e, Taizz, Abyan, Shabwah, Marib, and Al Jawf governorates.

CONTACTS

IOM RESPONSE

HUMANITARIAN ACTIVITIES IN YEMEN

NFI, Shelter and WASH

Aden

Between 23 and 29 July, IOM distributed mosquito nets to 40 IDP households (280 individuals) in '22 May' Public Park in Al Mansoora.

In the past week, IOM provided AI Buraiqah Hospital in AI Buraiqah, and Alwehda Hospital in Ash Shaikh Outhman with daily water trucking services. Additionally, 10,000 liters of water were provided to '22 May' Hospital in Al Mansoora, and 21,000 liters were provided to an MSF-operated hospital in Crater.

28,000 liters of water are being trucked daily to four community water points located in Crater, serving approximately 340 IDP households (2,380 individuals). Furthermore, two water tanks were delivered to Omar Al Mokhtar School in Ash Shaikh Outhman.

Abyan

IOM is providing regular water trucking services to nearly 1,362 IDP households hosted in 45 schools in the three districts of Khanfir ZInjubar and Lawder, and to Lawder Hospital. Three community water tanks in Lawder (2) and Zinjubar (1) were provided with water in the past week as well.

Four water points were installed in Al Makhzan Al Sharqi and Al Mihraq areas in Khanfir district. These additional water points will serve 360 IDP households (2,520 individuals). Similarly, two additional water points were added in Al Makhzan Al Gharbi area, reaching 120 IDP households (840 individuals).

Al Dhale'e

IOM continues its WASH support in Al Dhale'e through water trucking service, providing nearly 96,000 liters of water per day to Al Nasr Hospital and other tanks in community sites in both Dhale'e city and Al-Dhabyat area, reaching an estimated 6,400 individuals.



Health

In July, over 6,000 IDPs and other conflict-affected populations have benefitted from IOM's emergency health assistance.

Aden

IOM's health care service, including treatment of diseases and injuries, reproductive health care and health promotion, for IDPs hosted in schools in AI Mansoora district, Ash Shaikh Outhman district and Inma City are on-going. IOM treated a total of 408 medical cases (99 women, 92 men, 94 girls, and 123 boys) in the past week.

Abyan

IOM's is supporting Al-Razi Hospital, providing health care assistance to 18 cases.

Sana'a

IOM provided 163 individuals (63 women, 36 men, 36 girls and 28 boys) with primary health care services and mental health and psychosocial support.

Al Hudaydah

In the past week, 260 IDPs (77 women, 41 men, 80 girls and 62 boys) benefitted from IOM's health care assistance.

Assistance to Migrants in Yemen

On 29 July, IOM deployed an assessment team to Mokha, Taizz governorate to evaluate the needs and identify Somali refugees stranded in the area. Based on the results of the assessment, IOM will plan for the possible evacuation of the refugees by sea from Mokha Port to Somalia in the coming weeks.

Furthermore, IOM provided health care assistance to 309 Ethiopian migrants including 277 men and 32 boys.

EVACUATION OUT OF YEMEN

IOM successfully completed two evacuation rotations this week, one by air from Sana'a airport and one by sea from Al Hudaydah.

On 25 July, 278 migrants (277 Ethiopians and 1 Djiboutian) were evacuated from Al Hudaydah Port by sea. To date, IOM has organized seven boat rotations evacuating a total of 1,165 migrants by sea from Al Hudaydah to Obock, Djibouti.

On 26 July, 272 Somalis were evacuated by air from Sana'a International Airport to Mogadishu. Since April 2015, IOM has assisted 1,967 Third Country Nationals (TCNs) from over 46 countries to leave Yemen through 14 flight rotations. Eleven of those flights were organized from Sana'a to Khartoum (Sudan), one flight left Sana'a for Addis Ababa (Ethiopia), and two flights left for Mogadishu (Somalia). IOM is exploring the possibility of future air evacuations, for Somalis and other TCNs, from Sana'a.



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Nearly 600 migrants, including Djiboutians, Ethiopians, Nigeriens, and Sudanese nationals remain in Al Hudaydah awaiting possible evacuation. On 29 July, a team of Ethiopians officials travelled to Al Hudaydah from Sana'a to begin the process of screening the next caseload of stranded Ethiopians seeking evacuation assistance.

On 29 July, the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia decided to stop all ship movements to both seaports - Al Hudayda and Mokha due to on-going military actions. IOM is expecting to receive its clearance as soon as the military operations are over.

Refugee Resettlement

In the past week, 53 Ethiopian and Eritrean refugees who had been evacuated from Sana'a to Amman under IOM's Yemen evacuation project, were provided with transportation assistance from Amman to Stockholm for their further resettlement in Sweden.

DISPLACEMENT FROM YEMEN TO THE HORN OF **AFRICA**

Since the beginning of the crisis, 47,509 people have arrived in Djibouti and Somalia from Yemen.

Arrivals in Djibouti

As of 30 July, 21,726 persons (1,827 Djiboutians, 9,953 Yemenis, and 9,946 TCNs) have arrived in Djibouti from Yemen.

On 25 July, IOM received 278 Ethiopian nationals evacuated from AI Hudaydah on an IOM-chartered boat, and provided them with accommodation at the Migrant Reception Center (MRC) in Obock. The newly evacuated TCNs are currently being documented by the Embassy of the Federal Republic of Ethiopia, and will be provided with Onward Transportation Assistance (OTA) to return to Ethiopia. In the meantime, in addition to emergency shelter, IOM is providing the TCNs with food, NFIs, and medical assistance at the MRC Obock. To date, IOM has provided 2,522 TCNs of 28 nationalities with OTA to their countries of origin.

Returns to Yemen from Djibouti by boat continue, with a recorded average of 330 persons per month.

Arrivals in Somalia

Between 23 and 29 July, a total of three boats and one evacuation flight arrived in Somalia increasing the total number of individuals who fled Yemen to Somalia to 25,783 (90% Somalis; 9% Yemenis, and 1% TCNs).

OCHA

Puntland: Since the beginning of the crisis, Bosaso has received a total of 16,648 arrivals fleeing the conflict in Yemen. On 26 July, one boat arrived in Bosaso carrying 15 passengers: 11 Somalis, two Yemenis and two Ethiopians.

A boat organized by the Federal Government of Somalia and the local business community carrying approximately 3,000 people is expected to arrive in Bosaso from Al Mukalla on 31 July.

Somaliland: Two boats arrived on 24 and 26 July carrying a total of 374 passengers: 347 Somalis, 23 Yemenis and four Ethiopians. Cumulatively, Somaliland has received 8,768 individuals from Yemen.

Following vulnerability assessments conducted by partners on the ground, IOM provided 1,641 persons with OTA.

IOM continues to operate a health clinic providing medicines, emergency health checks, treatments, referrals, and fitnessto-travel assessments to arrivals. A total of 2,265 arrivals have benefitted from IOM's health services, including 38 individuals who were referred to local hospitals.

South Central: The second evacuation flight from Yemen organized by IOM arrived in Mogadishu on 27 July, carrying 272 Somali nationals along with two medical escorts. Among these evacuees, 196 requested further assistance and were taken to IOM's transit center in Mogadishu where they will be accommodated up to three nights before receiving transportation and reintegration assistance.

IOM's health team provided 20 arrivals with medical treatment, and referred seven to Madina Hospital in Mogadishu for further medical assistance. Arrivals also received psychosocial support through IOM's implementing partner.



from Sana'a to Mogadishu prioritized the evacuation of families with children, and elderly persons. © IOM 2015 (Photo: IOM Somalia)

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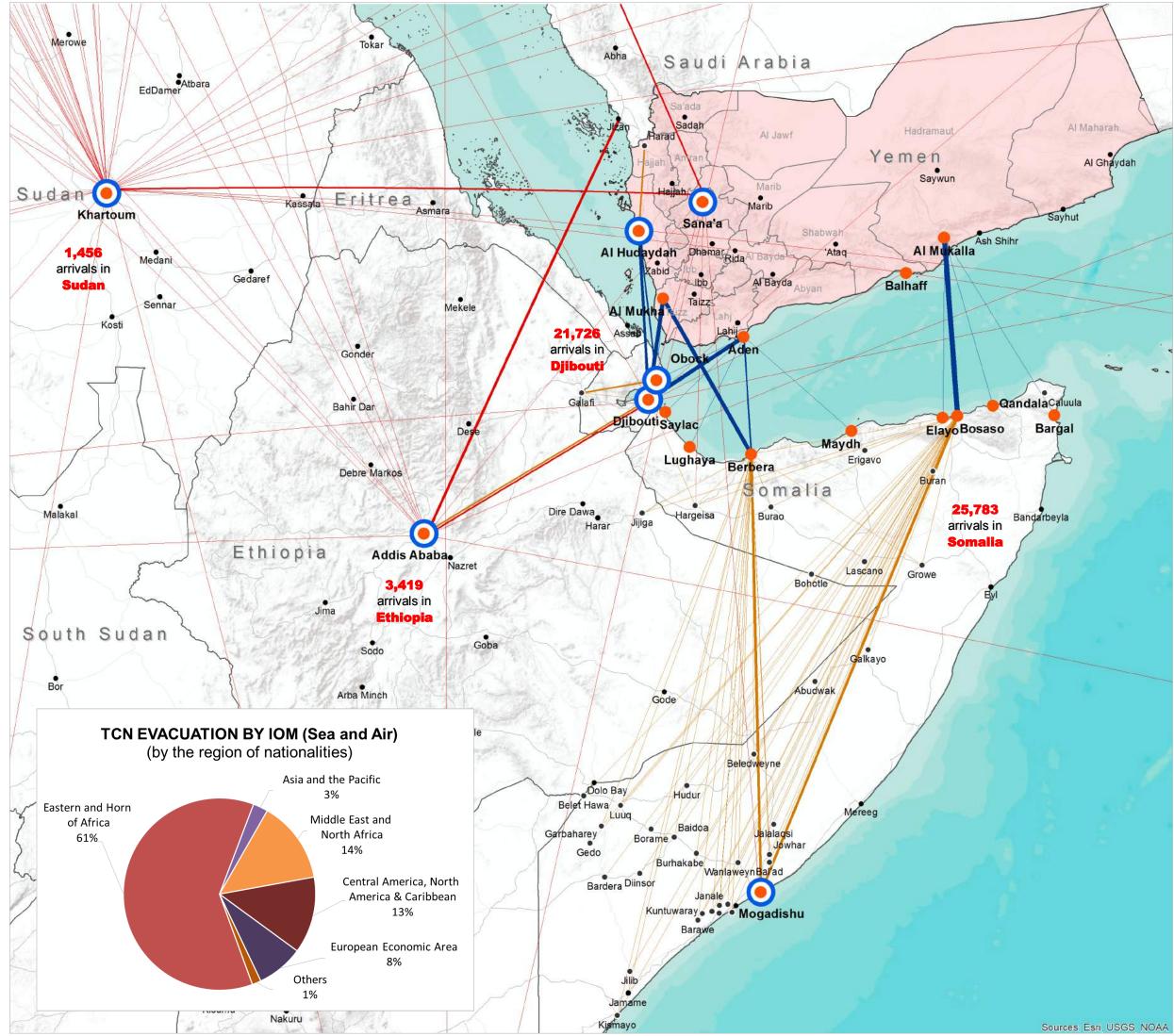
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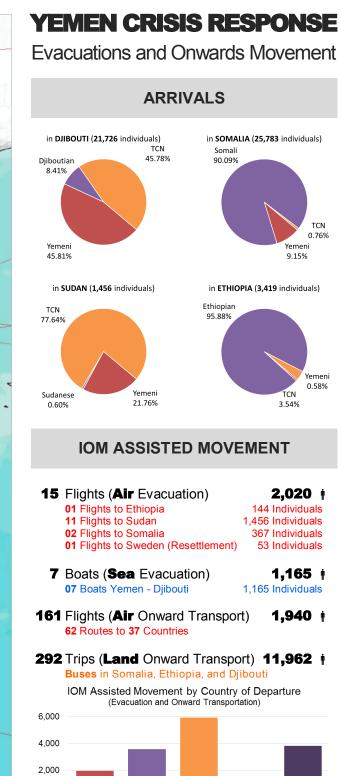




The Emergency Migration Mechanism, IOM's internal emergency fund, has been used to support the most urgent needs in the onset of the Yemen Crisis.









O IOM Humanitarian Evacuation Operations Evacuation Locations Air Evacuation and Onward Transportation Route Sea Evacuation and Onward Transportation Route

Land Onward Transportation Route

This map is for illustration purposes only. Names and boundaries on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by IOM.

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