INTERNATIONAL DIALOGUE ABOUT MIGRATION

Direct Migration to it`s Origin

Geneve, Switzerland

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Secretary of State in the Offices of External Relations.
April 2008
• Diversification of Migration

• Gendering of Migration

• Politics of Migration
MIGRATORY STATISTICS:

- In the UNITED STATES of AMERICA there are at least 12 millions of irregular immigrants representing 5% of the laboral force of this country which has 148 millions.

Between 55 and 60% of the indocumentary workers, work in the formal field, where they pay federal taxes, contributing to many places such as the Social Security fund.

Indocumentary People:

- 21% of domestic workers
- One of four agricultural workers are indocumentary,
- One of six in the field service,
- One of seven in the construction field.
Some of the Migrations Statistics in Honduras.

- **185 thousand** deported Hondurans per year

**Average:**
- **15,416** per month,
- **3,557** per week,
- **508** per day or it's equivalent
- **21** Hondurans per hour.
In Honduras the migratory numbers shows us a high growth between the decades of the eighties and two thousand.


The migratory process of the honduran is due mostly to indocumentary people.

Between 1990 y 2004 it is estimated that more than half a million of indocumentary hondurans are immigrants, with destination to the United States.
1.100 millions of hondurans have emigrated. More than 850,000 live in the United States, which is equivalent to 11% of the population in Honduras.

It is estimated that the honduran community in the United States is in the fifth place and has the highest growth of indocumentary people.

There`s no control that allows us to establish the real number of immigrants. The estimations are made due to the number of the people deported and to the growth of the honduran community in the countries of destination.
The Hondurans that are in the foreign countries have a huge contribution to the economy of the resident countries.

- Diversifying the internal production.
- Creating new consumers sources.
- Creating laboral niches that holds the productivity and competitive of the economy.

In most of the countries, this growth doesn`t have a negative impact in the employment rates of the population of origin from the countries of destination. Instead, it has contributed positively to the general growth of employment and to the economic diversification.
IMPACTS IN THE REMITTANCES

- 1990, 52 millions of dollars came in. *
- 2000, 409.6 millions of dollars came in
- 2006, 2,359.0 millions of dollars. *
- 2007, 2,621.8 millions of dollars
- 1.3% is for investment
- 13.6% is for saving
- 95.1% for consumer expenses.

* BCH (INDH, 2006, p. 152)
The remittances in 2006 has grown 45 times compared to the ones received in 1990, and 5.7 times compared to those in 2000.
THE Migrations and the Human Cost

The remittances represented 6.8% of the GDP (Gross Domestic Product) in the year 2000, 15.2% in the year 2004 and 25.5% in the year 2006.

Honduras is the eighth country receiving the highest number of remittances in Latinoamerica. (México, Brasil, Colombia, Guatemala, El Salvador, Republica Dominicana, Ecuador y Honduras).

Between these last ones it takes the second place in relation to the remittances and the GDP.

The individual remittances of the hondurans are above the $200 each month.
# USA AIR DEPORTATIONS

## USA AIR DEPORTATIONS

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<tr>
<td>México</td>
<td>101,390</td>
<td>114,773</td>
<td>106,983</td>
<td>116,785</td>
<td>101,903</td>
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<td>Guatemala</td>
<td>17,003</td>
<td>18,467</td>
<td>12,493</td>
<td>8,084</td>
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<td>Honduras</td>
<td>29,348</td>
<td>24,643</td>
<td>18,941</td>
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<td>El Salvador</td>
<td>14,747</td>
<td>10,333</td>
<td>7,288</td>
<td>6,257</td>
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<td>Nicaragua</td>
<td>1,661</td>
<td>2,246</td>
<td>1,026</td>
<td>751</td>
<td>566</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>164,149</strong></td>
<td><strong>170,462</strong></td>
<td><strong>146,731</strong></td>
<td><strong>141,274</strong></td>
<td><strong>120,816</strong></td>
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## Percentage of Deportations from U.S.A (US - ICE)

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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MÉXICO</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>67%</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td>83%</td>
<td>84%</td>
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<tr>
<td>GUATEMALA</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>5%</td>
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<tr>
<td>HONDURAS</td>
<td>14%</td>
<td>15%</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>6%</td>
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<tr>
<td>EL SALVADOR</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>5%</td>
<td>4%</td>
<td>4%</td>
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<tr>
<td>NICARAGUA</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>TOTAL</strong></td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>100%</td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>2004</th>
<th>2005</th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2007</th>
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<tr>
<td>Guatemala</td>
<td>93,667</td>
<td>100,630</td>
<td>84,657</td>
<td>21,641</td>
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<tr>
<td>Honduras</td>
<td>64,952</td>
<td>64,144</td>
<td>55,843</td>
<td>38,883</td>
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<td>El Salvador</td>
<td>35,270</td>
<td>42,952</td>
<td>26,930</td>
<td>4,914</td>
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<td>Nicaragua</td>
<td>2,224</td>
<td>3,617</td>
<td>3,666</td>
<td>1,926</td>
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<tr>
<td>Others</td>
<td>7,011</td>
<td>9,092</td>
<td>5,079</td>
<td>3,674</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>211,218</td>
<td>235,297</td>
<td>179,345</td>
<td>69,306</td>
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Gran Total  695,166

Source: INM

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Died</th>
<th>Injured</th>
<th>Amputeeed</th>
<th>Sick</th>
<th>Total</th>
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<tr>
<td>2004</td>
<td>151</td>
<td>116</td>
<td>76</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>360</td>
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<tr>
<td>2005</td>
<td>159</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>250</td>
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<tr>
<td>2006</td>
<td>169</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>13</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>226</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2007</td>
<td>162</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>12</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>208</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>641</td>
<td>216</td>
<td>125</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>1044</td>
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GOVERNMENT ACTIONS DUE TO THE MIGRATORY MOVEMENTS OF RETURN.
1. Migratory Movements Administration

- Free Movement in the Region CA4( El Salvador, Guatemala Honduras y Nicaragua)

- A Unique Visa for Centroamérica

- Tecnologic Migratory Platform Integrated Regional.
2. Programs of Service Centers to the Returned Immigrant (CAMR)

Operated by the Religious Congregation Scalabrinianas Sisters of the Catholic Church. They give immediate assistance to the Intransit Returned Immigrants,

3 Clinics located in Choluteca, Ocotepeque and Tegucigalpa which are the zones with the greatest irregular migratory flow and 2 to be build in the cities of San Pedro Sula and Omoa (Corinto).
3. PILOT PLAN TO REGULATE MIGRATORY MOVEMENTS, INTRANSIT LOCAL OF TEMPORARY LABOR IMMIGRANTS EL SALVADOR- HONDURAS.

There is an estimation about 45,000 thousand honduran workers that travels each year to develop activities such as:

- Cut of Coffee
- Cotton
- Services
- Construction.
There is an estimation of 45,000 Honduran workers that moves all the year to develop activities such as:

- Cut of Coffe
- Cotton
- Services
- Construction.
4. OPERATIVE AGREEMENT OF TECNICAL COOPERATION FOR THE TEMPORARY LABORAL MIGRATION PROGRAMS FOR HONDURAN WORKERS IN THE EXTERIOR.

Held the 26/02/07, by the Labor Ministry, Ministry of External Relations, the Ministry of Interior, WIO and 181 benefit workers.

Sr. Juan Ramón Rivera, el Sr. Ricardo Huber, El Sr. Norberto Girón y el Sr. Germán Espinal
Program of Temporary Laboral Migration for Workers Honduras - Spain.

Signed in Madrid España January 14, 2008 between the General Direction of Immigration of the Labor Ministry and Social Affairs of Spain and the Honduras’ Government.
PROGRAM OF THE TEMPORARY LABORAL MIGRATION FOR LAND WORKERS IN CALIFORNIA.
HONDURAS - U. S. A.

INIICIATIVE IN PROCESS
NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF INDUSTRIES (ANDI)
MINISTRY OF EXTERNAL RELATIONS (SRE) AND MINISTRY OF LABOR AND SOCIAL SECURITY.

On May 4th 2007, with the objective of giving attention to the Boys, Girls and Teenagers that are victims of the people trading.
6. Signature of The Understanding Memorandum for the Secure, Orderly, Agile Repatriation between Honduras and Mexico.

ON NOVEMBER 21st 2006, IT IS ACCORDERED TO BRING ASSISTANCE TO THE HONDURANS IN AN IRREGULAR SITUATION THROUGH THE MEXICAN TERRITORY.

WHICH CONSIST IN:

• DOCUMENTATION FOR ITS TERRESTRIAL RETURN.

• MEDICAL ASSISTANCE

• TERRESTRIAL TRANSPORT.
On October 15th 2007, The Parliament from the El Salvador, Honduras and Guatemala’s Government ratified the Unique Central America Visa Agreement, and it is placed in the SG SICA which consolidates the Free Movility Model and also consolidates the Central america integration concerning Migration.
On August 16th the President Manuel Zelaya Rosales officialize the Policy of Attention to the Immigrant.
Create the Sub Ministry of Attention to the Immigrant in the Exterior

Visión

Create a migration process that in a short term can give answers to its needs, generating strategic competitions, that will translate into an external policy that relates to migratory aspects. About the potential immigrant and the honduran in the foreign country, performing viable and supporting actions, in accordance with the POVERTY REDUCTION STRATEGY (ERP), and the OBJECTIVES and GOALS of the MILLENIUM (OMM).
Migratory Policy with Emphasis in the Immigrant Attention in a Foreign Country

TEMATIC AXIS:

1. - Immigrant Attention.
2. - Migratory Flow Order.
3. - Holding Investment and Expenses Culture of the Remittances.
4. - Consular Strengthening.
9. 800 Thelephone Line of Integral Assistance to the Immigrant in the U.S.A.

To give information, assistance and legal advise to the Immigrants in the Foreign countries about the following topics:

2. Localization of the immigrants relatives in the deported process.
3. Consular Attention.
10. HONDURAS ASUMES PRESIDENCY PRO TEMPORE OF REGIONAL CONFERENCE ABOUT MIGRATION. (CRM)

Regional Conference on Migration
Conferencia Regional sobre Migración

6 AL 9 de Mayo de 2008, XIII CRM en TELA, HONDURAS.
THANK YOU